The Bombay Gazette.

No. 12,222 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1888.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.—Once a fortnight.

BOMBAY TO BRINDISI & LONDON.—Once a week.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

NEW ACCELERATED THROUGH MAIL SERVICE *VIA* THE CANAL.

NO EGYPTIAN RAILWAY JOURNEY.

COMMENCING with the 27th January, from Bombay, and weekly thereafter, the Company's Mail Steamers will proceed to London through the Canal, calling alternately at Brindisi and Marseilles *en route*. On the Marseilles Week the mails will be transferred at Port Said to another Steamer leaving for Brindisi, and Passengers preferring that route can transfer to that Steamer also.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

VARIOUS improvements having been made for the greater convenience and comfort of passengers travelling in *the second saloon*, special attention is called to *the advantageous terms* on which *excellent accommodation* to and from Europe can now be obtained.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
B. L. SUTLEJ	4194	300	W. D. Worcester	10th Feb.
M. L. VERONA	3116	600	W. D. Madie	17th "
B. L. [illegible]	4000	600	W. A. Wheler	24th "
[illegible] SHIRE	4395	300	I. Reeves	2nd Mar.
[illegible] ANDRIA	4752	300	E. Ashdown	9th "
[illegible]	4131	300	W. A. Seaton	16th "
[illegible] GAL	4501	300	W. B. Andrews	23rd "
[illegible]	3991	600	A. Symons	30th "
[illegible]	4131	300	E. M. Edmond	6th April.
[illegible]	4395	1000	S. D. Shallard	13th "
[illegible]	4186	300	E. Stewart	20th "
[illegible]	4131	300	W. D. Worcester	27th "
[illegible]	3991	600	W. A. Wheler	4th May.

Vessels marked B.I.S.N. to Brindisi and thence to Marseilles; to Marseilles and London.

Passengers for Marseilles transhipping at Brindisi steamers will call at Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London, and the direct Marseilles steamers at Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

The Company also issue return tickets to Brindisi including railway fares to London and back *via* Taranto, Naples, Rome, and Genoa.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 4 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	On or about
DEUCAN	3129	550	P. W. Case	17th Feb.
SURAT	3112	550	J. L. Parfitt	2 Mar.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S.N. Company.
Bombay, Jan. 1, 1888.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 525, " 350.

First and Second, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers for Marseilles transhipped at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE:—

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
MANILLA	5,000 800	20th Feb.	10th April.
D. RALDUINO	5,000 800	10th March	1st May.
E. RUBATTINO		1st April	20th May.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey *via* Genoa or Naples, A SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.		To sail.
BISAGNO	...	On the 18th Feb. 1888.
STURA	...	" 10th Mar. 1888.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 2, 1888.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail
ELECTRA	P. Mares	1,200	600	15th Feb.
AMPHITRITE	L. Lewesich	1,600	650	7th March.
TITANIA	M Garofolich	1,200	600	7th April.
POSEIDON	S. Mersa	1,600	650	7th May.

EXTRA STEAMERS TO TRIESTE.

IMPERATOR	A. Baschtinger	25th Feb.
PANDORA	A. Trobitz	25th March.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 320	Rs. 120

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 13th. BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of calling.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons. H. P.	To sail.
TITANIA	M. Garofolich	4,200 600	11th Feb.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, Jan. 31, 1888.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

H. H. the SULTAN of ZANZIBAR'S s.s. "SWORDSMAN" will sail for Zanzibar, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th February. For Freight or Passage apply to

VISRAM EBRAHIM & Co.,
Agents.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
ARABIA	J. Laird	3341	480	3rd Mar. '88
VICTORIA	W. Russell	3357	480	17th "
ASIA	J. Craig	3350	480	31st "
BELGRAVIA	G. Boothby	5000	500	14th April
HISPANIA	W. Marr	3380	480	5th May
PERSIA	R. Hutchinson	3317	480	19th "
ARABIA	J. Laird	3341	480	31st "
VICTORIA	W. Russell	3357	480	16th June

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

ARMENIA	George Reid	3395	480	13th Feb.

Passengers by s.s. "Armenia" can book through to London (overland from Marseilles.)

Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.

For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay, February 1, 1888. Agents.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
S.S. WORSLEY HALL	J. Verrill	3131	400	15th Feb

This Steamer has accommodation for a limited number of passengers at moderate rates. Does not carry Surgeon and Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

S.S. EDEN HALL	A. B. McDougall	3613	401	15th Mar
S.S. KIRBY HALL	H. Pearse	3702	401	12th Apr.
S.S. ASTON HALL	J. S. Hill	3958	400	30 th "
S.S. WORSLEY HALL	J. Verrill	3132	400	15th May

This Steamer have accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates. Do not carry Surgeon or Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Passengers can book through to London Overland.

S.S. MERTON HALL	C. Barnes	3109	400	30th Mar.
S.S. WERNERTH HALL	T. Collin	3163	500	24th May
S.S. RUFFORD HALL		5000	500	30th May

These steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade. Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines and carry a Surgeon and Stewardess.

For further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES AND CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 1st Feb., 1888.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. "COMMILLA," 872 tons, on FRIDAY, 10th February, 1888, at noon, calling at Verawal, Maugrole, Porebander, and Kutch Mandvie, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PURULIA," 1,552 tons, on MONDAY, 6th February (on arrival of Outward English Mails), calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S.S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 8th February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "BAGHDAD," 1,271 tons, on THURSDAY, the 23rd February, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "NAVARINO," 3,400 tons, on TUESDAY, 14th February, at 5 p.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 3rd February, 1888. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

SPLENDID first-class Iron steamships built on the Clyde, expressly for the Indian Service, under special survey, above the highest class at Lloyds, will be despatched as follows:—

CITY of CARTHAGE, for London or Liverpool, on or about 28th February.

CITY of CANTERBURY for London or Liverpool, on or about 28th March.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried. Two birth cabins, bath, punkas and every comfort for first-class passengers. No others taken. Crews entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING AGENCY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission, and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any part of India by any route across the Continent, and to all parts of the Globe. Reductions to Family Parties and Missionaries.

Interpreters meet Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports. Through Booking *via* Japan, America, Australia, &c. Pamphlet and full particulars post free.

THOMAS COOK AND SON,
RAMPART ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.
Calcutta: 11, Old Court-House Street.

NOTICES.

GERMAN LLOYD
MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LD.
CAPITAL M3,000,000—RESERVE FUND M750,000

EVERY DESCRIPTION of SEA-RISKS accepted at most favorable Rates.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.
HUMMUM STREET.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, L.

(GRAMME, BRUSH, EDISON DYNAMOS, AND OTHER DYNAMOS FOR ARC AND INCANDESCENT LAMPS).

THE above comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe.

OUR PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL DEFY COMPETITION.

F. FISCHER AND CO.,
Agents for India.
HUMMUM STREET.

TELEPHONES & ELECTRIC BELLS.

The new MAGNETO TELEPHONES require no BATTERY!

INSULATED WIRE AND CABLE
(FELTEN & GUILLEAUME'S)

FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTING, BELLS, Telephones, Submarine, Underground and Mining Operations, As supplied to the English, Colonial and Foreign Governments.

STOCKS ON HAND.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.
HUMMUM STREET.

CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT. PORCELAINES DE SARREGUEMINES.

WE invite inspection of the Depôt of these Companies' Manufactures. Crystal Chandeliers Glass and China Ornamental and Tableware, Real and Zinc Artistic Bronzes, Mirrors, &c. A Magnificent display. Dealers supplied at Fabrik Prices free of Commission.

F. FISCHER & CO.,
Agents for India.
HUMMUM STREET.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS will be received by the Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, for supplying FLAT and RIDGE TILES of French, Bombay, or Mangalore make, till noon, MONDAY, 6th proximo.

Tenderers to state quantity they are prepared to supply, time and rate per thousand delivered at the site of the New Dock Works. Samples to be forwarded along with tender. Further particulars may be obtained at the Engineer's Office, Elphinstone Circle.

No guarantee is given that the lowest or any tender will be accepted.

E. A. CORKE,
Engineer's Storekeeper.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN-TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

1 Challenge Singles.
2 Challenge Doubles.

THE above MATCHES are OPEN to members of any Club or service.

Entrance Fee for Singles, Rs. 3.
Entrance Fee for Doubles, Rs. 6.

Cup will be given by the Gymkhana.
Entries close 11th February at 6 p.m.

The matches will be played off between the 23rd February and 1st March, in the event of there being entries from outstation.

L. PENNY,
Honorary Secretary.

A FEW SECOND-HAND PIANOS,

ALL IN EXCELLENT ORDER,

AT

From Rs. 250 to Rs. 550 each,

ARE OFFERED FOR SALE AT LOW PRICES TO MAKE ROOM FOR NEW INSTRUMENTS.

PIANOFORTE DEPOT.

No. 1, ASH LANE.

MARCKS AND Co., Limited,

BOMBAY, & POONA,
43, Esplanade Road. 1, East Street.

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H. M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCKS and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected, Marine, Fire, and Life
SUPPILES of every description procured.

Terms and particulars upon application.

London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

ELECTROPLATING SUPERSEDED.
CONVENIENT, ECONOMICAL, SATISFACTORY.
ARGENTINA,

the only reliable and durable silver solution; AND DIFFERENT TO ALL OTHERS IN PREPARATION.

THIS SILVER SOLUTION, without the aid of a battery, PLATES with pure METALLIC SILVER articles of Copper, Brass, German-silver, Britannia-metal, &c., &c., by SIMPLE RUBBING. Useful also for cleaning instantaneously GOLD AND SILVER ORNAMENTS, imparting to these the lustre of diamond.

This preparation will stand fire, maintaining its brilliancy above boiling point. Guaranteed not to contain any mercury or acid and cheaper by far than ordinary electroplating. For fuller details see directions which accompany each phial.

Price: Rs. 2 per phial; packing and postage extra.

Sole Agents in India:—THE PANJAB AGENCY Co.

ORDERS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED—

MANAGER, PUNJAB AGENCY Co., Lahore, Punjab.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHEAVIN'S
PATENT RAPID FILTERS,

THE most efficient yet invented, they purify with astonishing rapidity the most offensive, stagnant, or other water, and are fitted with Silver-plated Tap and India-rubber Washer complete.

	Cash price. Rs. a.
Domestic Filters, in Cream-Coloured Stoneware—	
No. 000 Half gallon size Wicker covered	8 0
" 00 One and a half gallon size "	10 0
" 0 Two and a half gallon size "	12 0
" 1 Three and a half gallon size "	15 8
" 2 Five gallon size "	18 0
" 3 Six " "	22 8
" 4 " "	25 0
" 5 " Wicker covered	27 8
" 6 " "	31 0
Pocket Filter (no Traveller should be without one).	5 0

SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY:

TREACHER & CO., Limited.

CAMP KIT.

TREACHER & Co., Limited, have the largest and best Stock in India of every description of Camp Furniture and Necessaries.

All Orders executed with the utmost promptitude.

CAMP FURNITURE.	COOKING STOVES.
CAMP BEDS.	DESPATCH BOXES.
WATERPROOF GROUND SHEETS.	DRESSING CASES, TO ROLL UP.
TRUNKS AND PORTMANTEAUX.	POCKET FILTERS.
UNIFORM CASES AND COURIER BAGS.	WATER BOTTLES.
ENAMELLED IRON WARE.	DRINKING CUPS.
WARREN'S COOKING POTS.	SPIRIT FLASKS.
CANTEENS.	MILITARY HAND LANTERNS.
	DRESSING CASES, SOLID LEATHER.

WINES, SPIRITS, AND PRESERVED PROVISIONS,
of the highest quality.

MEDICINE CHESTS.	LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT.
CLINICAL AND POCKET THERMOMETERS.	SMOKED AND TINTED EYE-PRESERVERS.
BRAND'S PREPARATIONS.	FIELD-GLASSES.
CHOLERA TINCTURE.	QUININE.

AMATEUR PHOTOGRAPHIC KIT.

CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NOTICES.

SWIFT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

REQUIRED by the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, a SERVICEABLE GIG, fitted complete with oars, mast, sail, &c.

Apply to undersigned stating price and particulars.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Capt., R. E.,
Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.
Bombay Defence Office, Middle Colaba.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, LIMITED

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

NOTICE.

WANTED, to represent an old Established London INDENT FIRM, AGENTS in the following cities:—Calcutta, Bombay, Cawnpor, Kurrachee, Lahore, Lucknow, Meerut, Peshawur, Umballa, Umritsur, and Allahabad, must be well connected amongst Indentors. Address with full particulars as to references, terms, &c. Apply PRINTER, care of this Office.

GENUINE JOB CIGARETTE PAPER of JEAN BARDOU. To check the increasing sale of fraudulent imitations of JOB'S Cigarette Paper so highly appreciated by smokers, and to enable retail dealers to purchase the genuine article at wholesale prices, I have instituted a Depot of my Cigarette Papers at Messrs. S. NARAEN & Co., at Bombay.

JEAN BARDOU,
Original Manufacturer of JOB.
Sole Agent for India.—L. H. RICHY, 66, Rue Lafayette PARIS.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 15. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forging under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

NOTICE.

WANTED, by the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences, two temporary OVERSEER'S, for employment in the new Defence Works. Must be thoroughly practical men, and well conversant with masonry and concrete works and use of level. Good estimators and draftsman will have the preference. Salary, about Rs. 100 per mensem.

II. Written applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th February.

E. C. SPILSBURY, Capt. R. E.,
Ex. Engr. Bombay Defences.
Office of Ex. Engr., Bombay Defences, Gun Carriage Factory, Colaba.
Bombay Defence Office, Mazigon, 27th Jany., 1888.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS Co., Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the SIXTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Imperial Cotton Mills Company, Limited, will be held at the Offices of the Company, No. 1, Forbes Street, on FRIDAY, the 10th Feb uary, 1888, at 4-30 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1887.

2nd.—To elect Directors for the ensuing year in place of those who retire, but who are eligible for re-election.

3rd.—To elect an Auditor for the ensuing year and to fix his remuneration.

And notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 2nd to 10th February 1888.

By Order,
GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers, and Agents.
Bombay, 31st Jan. 1888.

MAHABLESHWAR PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

WILL be SOLD BY AUCTION before hot season of 1888, if not previously disposed of privately,

"Craig Hall"—Finest situation on the Hill.
"Monastery"—Favorite and picturesque bungalow
"Birds Nest"—A snug retreat with extensive grounds.
"Rose Cottage"—Commands a lovely view.
"Mulberry Cottage"—Is same compound as Rose Cottage.

Also a Small House in the Bazaar, a Strawberry Garden on the Lake, and a House at Sattara.

For particulars apply to

MORGAN & BALKRISHNA, Poona.

BAPTY BROTHERS, Limited.
LAND FOR SALE.

MESSRS. BAPTY BROTHERS, Limited, have for sale about 6,250 square yards of surplus land adjoining the mill premises in Bapty Road, Byculla.

The Directors are prepared to receive tenders at the Mill Office, Falkland Road, up to 1 p.m., on SATURDAY, the 11th day of February, 1888, for a Private Sale of the land, but they do not undertake to accept the highest or any Tender.

On the acceptance of a tender being notified to the tenderer, he will be required to pay forthwith 25 per cent of the purchase money, and to complete the sale within two months from the date thereof.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned at the Mill.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
NARAYEN RANGOBA,
Acting Manager.
Bombay, 1st Feb., 1888.

GRINDLAY GROOM Co.—BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY & CO.—CALCUTTA.

PACKAGES for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

SHIPPING.—GOODS, PACKAGES and BAGGAGE shipped and Insurances effected when requested.

THE GREAT INDIAN REMEDY FOR TOOTHACHE.

TOOTHACHE cured instantly, be it violent knawing or otherwise, by ONE DROP of the GREAT INDIAN TOOTHACHE REMEDY.

This remedy has been tried repeatedly, and always found infallible.

TOOTHACHE RELIEVED INSTANTLY

Price 1 Rupee per bottle.
Packing *free* if 6 bottles are taken.
Directions *accompany* every bottle.

SUB-AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY DISTRICT.

THE IMPERIAL PHARMACY CO., Ld.
BAREILLY, N.-W. P.

TREACHER'S REVOLVERS.

MADE by a First Class Firm of London and Birmingham specially for the Company.

				Rs.
Army and Navy Regulation Pattern, Self-extracting, Rebounding Hammer, Six-Chambered, Blued Steel Barrel, ·450 bore			each	82
Ditto	ditto	Plated	"	87
Ditto	ditto	·455 bore, Blued	"	95
Ditto	ditto	Plated	"	100
Ditto	ditto	New Regulation ·476 bore, Blued	"	100
Ditto	ditto	ditto Plated	"	105
Royal Irish Constabulary Revolver, Six-Chambered, Blued Steel Barrel, ·450 bore			"	38
Ditto	ditto	Plated	"	42
Ditto	ditto	Blued, ·455 bore	"	45
Ditto	ditto	Plated "	"	50
Ditto	ditto	Blued New Regulation, ·476 bore	"	50
Ditto	ditto	Plated	"	55
&c.,	&c.,	&c., &c.,		

(*Send for Illustrated Catalogue*)

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF ARMS, AMMUNITION AND SPORTSMEN'S SUNDRIES.

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

RETIRING FROM BUSINESS
GREAT SALE
OF
RICH DRESS GOODS, MILLINERY, &c.,
MRS. LAKE'S ENTIRE STOCK WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.
IMMENSE REDUCTION IN PRICES.
TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
MRS. LAKE
MAISON DE MODES. RAMPART ROW.

Black Dress Silks and Satins.
Coloured Dress Silks and Satins.
Black and Coloured Trimming Satins.
Black and Coloured Silk Velvets.
Coloured Cashmeres and Veilings.
Coloured Flannels and Sergas.
White and Cream figured Muslins.
Coloured Zephyrs and Sateens.
White and Cream Piece Laces.
Black Silk Piece Laces and Flouncings.
Coloured Indian Muslins and Lawns.
Coloured Tulles for Ball Dresses.
Coloured Spotted Crepes, etc., etc.

WEDDING TROUSSEAUX.

Rich White Silks and Satins.
Rich White Moires and Brooches.
Bridal Wreathes and Flowers.
Lace Handkerchiefs, Silk Hose, Corsets.
White Dress Tulles and Nets.
White Laces, Flouncings, and Edgings.
White China Crêpes and Indian Muslin, etc.

Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats and Bonnets.
French Flowers and Velvet Leaves.
White Black and Coloured Feathers.
Aigrettes, Ostrich Tips and Wings.
Ribbons and Laces in all Widths.
Boys' Sailor Hats and Collars.
Ladies' Black and White Silk Hose.
White and Black Boots and Shoes.
French Corsets, Handkerchiefs, Gloves.
Ladies' and Children's Collars and Cuffs.
Infants' Cloaks, Hoods, and Pellisses.
White and Coloured Swiss Embroideries.
Novelties of every Description, etc.

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Rich Black Silks, Satin, Merveilleux, etc.
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Napolitains Per box, Ans. 14 to Rs. 2-4.
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Best French, Rose and Vanille, Per lb., Re. 1-12.
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Everton and Butter Scotch Ans. 6.

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Very choice, preserved,
Per box, holding about 2½ lbs, Re. 1
CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS.
Apricots, Cherries, Greengages.
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Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

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GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

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Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

HAT DEPARTMENT.

WE have just received our new and fashionable selection of Felt and Dress Hats, Sun Helmets and Tweed Caps in all the latest shades and patterns, manufactured for us by the well-known firms of Lincoln Bennett and Co. and Townend and Co. We give special attention to this important department, and our productions are well known for their superior style, finish, and quality.

Black Flexible Round Crown Felt Hats	Rs.	9 8
Do. Do. Square do. do.	"	9 8
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Ladies' Felt Riding Hats, very richly lined and padded	"	9 0
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The Borrobel, Tweed Deer Stalker, well ventilated and with small flaps at sides to protect the temples from	"	5 0

Black Silk Velvet and Embroidered Smoking Caps, a large assortment.

Ellwood's and Christy's Sun Hats, Helmets and Torais.

Hawke's New Regulation Doe Helmets.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

HATTERS, HOSIERS, AND OUTFITTERS,

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WHEN PURCHASING A WATCH

IT is necessary to remember the following THREE IMPORTANT CONDITIONS.

1.—That you obtain a reliable and serviceable timekeeper.
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SPECIALLY RECOMMEND THE FOLLOWING FROM THE IMMENSE VARIETY OF WATCHES THEY KEEP ON HAND.

	Rs.
Their Original and everlasting Campaign Watch Keyless lever	35
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FASHIONABLE FELT HATS.
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"EXTRA LIGHT," Under 4 oz.

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"HAND MADE," Very firm.

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"MAPLE MANILLA."
"TO SUIT ALL FACES."
Rs. 7-8 to Rs. 10-8.

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TWO MINUTES FROM APOLLO
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THE only Hotel in Bombay has English IRON BEDSTEAD with SPRING MATTRESS.

Fine views of Bombay's celebrated harbour with full access to sea-breeze.

TARIFF, Rs. 5 per day.

FOR SALE, WINCHESTER REPEATING RIFLES

450 Bore Sporting, 9 Shots, best quality		Rs. 140, plain quality	Rs. 120.
500 " Express, 5 Do.		do.	do. Rs. 110.
500 " " Single Shot, Winchesters		Rs. 65	
Cartridges per 100 for 450 Rifles	Rs. 11	Reloading Tools, Per Set for 450 Rifles	Rs. 17
" " 100 " 500 "	13	" " " 500 "	22

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KING KING & CO., BOMBAY.

ARTISTIC CURIOSITIES AND NOVELTIES.
JUST UNPACKED

AN extensive and unrivalled collection of the JAPANESE, CHINESE ARTISTIC CURIOSITIES, suitable for Christmas, Weddings, Birthday Presents and for general Gifts, House uses, &c.

JINRIKSA (Chinese Conveyances), single and double, of a very light and durable nature.

All the things are priced exceedingly cheap.

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CIVIL AND MILITARY TAILORS; SHIRT, HABIT, AND PROFESSIONAL TROWSER MAKERS; ARMY, VOLUNTEERS, AND POLICE CONTRACTORS.

WE are now showing the largest new Stock in Bombay of Tweeds, Angolas, Coatings, Flannels, Bedford Cords, Corduroys, Oxford Shirtings, Over-coatings, and Cotton Suitings, suitable for all climes. An early inspection is invited.

Suits made in six hours' notice. A good fit combined with first-class Material and excellent Workmanship can always be obtained.

We also have received a large new Stock of Hats, Neckties, Scarves

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EVERY DAY NOTE PAPER AND ENVELOPES.

(THE DAY OF THE WEEK IN TWO COLOURS.)

In boxes containing 28 Sheets and Envelopes .....at Rs. 2 4 per box

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Curiously ornamented in artistic designs by a Japanese Artist.

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Sole Proprietress and Directress } Mrs. Geo. Norville.

GAIETY THEATRE.

MONDAY, 6TH FEBRUARY.
"CONFUSION."

WEDNESDAY, 8TH FEBRUARY,
GRAND MASONIC PATRONAGE
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
MRS. NORVILLE.
Under the distinguished Patronage of
H. R. H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT, K.G., K.T., &c, &c., &c.
AS DISTRICT GRAND MASTER OF BOMBAY
AND
SIR HENRY MORLAND, KNIGHT,
GRAND MASTER OF ALL SCOTTISH FREEMASONRY IN INDIA.

Plan, SOUNDY & Co.

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AMATEUR PERFORMANCE.
Under the patronage of
T. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY
AND
THE LADY REAY,
AND OF
T. R. H. THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.
In aid of
THE CAMA HOSPITAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4,
At 9-30, the Comedietta
"A HUSBAND IN CLOVER."

Horace .....Mr. Harris, R.E.
Lydia .....Mrs. Hay.

Scene:—A BREAKFAST PARLOUR.

At 10-15 Mr. Gilbert's farcical Comedy, arranged in two Acts,
ENGAGED.

Chaviot Hill (a young man of property) .....Lt.-Col. Cowper.
Belvawney (his friend) .....Capt. Hodgkinson.
Mr. Sympson .....Mr. Dickinson, 103rd Regt.
Angus Macalister (a Lowland peasant lad) .....Mr. Harris, R.E.
Major McGillicuddy .....Mr. J. S. Slater.
Belinda Treherne .....Mrs. Cowper.
Minnie (Symperson's daughter) .....Mrs. Walter Lang.
Mrs. Macfarlane (a Lowland widow) .....Mrs. Downing.
Maggie (her daughter, a Lowland lassie) .....Mrs. Hay.
Parker (Minnie's maid) .....Miss Van Overbeke.

Act I.—Garden of a Cottage near Gretna, on the border between England and Scotland.
Act II.—Drawing room in Symperson's house in London.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

	Rs. a.
Box to hold four	16 0
Orchestra Stall	4 0
Pit	1 0
Back Seats	0 8

Plan of the Theatre at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Ld.

MINNESINGERS.

THE NEXT SMOKING CONCERT will be given in the Gymkhana Pavilion, Fort, on MONDAY, February 13, commencing at 9-30 p.m. Members can obtain free admission tickets for themselves, and also tickets for their guests. Price One Rupee each, on application to the Honorary Secretary.

G. W. ROUGHTON,
70, Tamarind Lane.
Bombay, 3rd February, 1888.

MORDAN'S

GOLD DOUBLE TELESCOPIC PEN and PENCIL-CASES, with Seal and Revolving Ring to attach Albert Chain, Engine-turned. Price, Rs. 50 each.

GOLD DOUBLE TELESCOPIC PENCIL CASES, with Everlasting Calendar, showing Dates and Week Days; require to be regulated once in a month. Price, Rs. 50 each.

CHUBB'S BOX AND LOCK MART,
87, PARSEE BAZAAR STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TENDERS are invited for the EXECUTION of certain works in connection with the VETERINARY COLLEGE and HOSPITAL, at Parel.

Plans and specifications can be seen, and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned.

Tenders which should be sealed and endorsed "Tender for Veterinary College," will be received in the Office of the Undersigned, up to 1 p.m., on MONDAY, the 6th proximo.

A sum of Rs. 100 in cash as earnest money is to accompany each of the Tenders. This will be forfeited in case, after his Tender has been accepted, the Contractor shall (in due course) refuse to sign and complete the Contract documents and agreements, otherwise it will be returned.

The acceptance of the Tender will rest with the Executive Engineer, Presidency, on receipt of authority from the Superintending Engineer, Northern Division.

The Superintending Engineer reserves the right to reject all Tenders, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 30th January, 1888.

THE SASSOON SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Limited.
NOTICE.

THE FIFTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 8, Forbes Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd February, 1888, at 3 p.m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ending 31st December, 1887.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint two auditors for the ensuing year, and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 22nd February to 7th March, 1888 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors
DOSSABHAI EDULJEE,
Secretary.
No. 8, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, 2nd Feb. 1888.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. BURJORJEE BYRAMJEE, ENGINEER, has contracted to sell to Mr. SORABJEE COWASJEE MISTRY, the property hereunder described.

All persons who may have a claim on the same by way of mortgage, inheritance or otherwise, are hereby requested to make the same known in writing to the undersigned solicitors for the purchaser at their office, No. 4, Hummam Street, within the Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to such claim, which will be deemed to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house and premises thereon standing, situate, lying and being on the west side of the Public Road called the Gate Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, admeasuring 91 5-9ths square yards, be the same little more or less, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under quit and ground rent old No. 401, new No. 5416, old survey No. 240, new survey No. 2253, and registered in the books of the Collector of house assessment under ward No. 2173, and street Nos. 76 and 78, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the east by the Public Road, on or towards the west by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by the property of Sorabjee Ruttonjee Bhaiya, and on or towards the south by the property of Hormusjee Nasserwanjee Meethiawalla, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Burjorjee Byramjee.—Dated this 4th day of February, 1888.

WADIA & GHANDY.
Purchaser's Solicitors.

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE
ORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS
IN GUJARAT,
BEING
A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,
WITH
Appendix containing the Resolutions of the Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1854, respectively
Price, Re. 1; postage, 1 Anna
Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION!
AT LADY REAY'S BAZAAR ON THE OVAL.
A STUPENDOUS COLLECTION
OF
WONDERFUL WAXWORK
MECHANICAL FIGURES
HARDLY TO BE DISTINGUISHED
FROM
THE HUMAN FORM DIVINE.
Life Size and Life like the Perfection of attitude and movement will be on view daily at
FIVE O'CLOCK
WHEN A TALENTED PROFESSOR
OF
HISTORY, LITERATURE, AND GYMNASTICS,
will explain the Figures to a
DELIGHTED AUDIENCE.
NO TARPAULIN AND SAWDUST!
EVERY EXPECTATION HELD OUT IN THE HANDBILLS
IS
REALIZED TO THE UTMOST.
AND THE WHOLE FORMS AN EFFECT OF
IMPOSING BRILLIANCY
HITHERTO UNRIVALLED IN THIS KINGDOM.
REMEMBER
THAT THE PRICE OF ADMISSION IS
VERY SMALL,
AND THAT THIS IS AN OPPORTUNITY
WHICH MAY
NEVER OCCUR AGAIN.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.
IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 218 OF 1883.
APPEAL NO. 529.

WASSUDEO RAMCHUNDERJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo residing in Girgaum Road, outside the Fort ..... Appellant and Defendant.
vs.
THUCKER CHATOORBHOOJ MOORARJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo Merchant, residing in Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort, and SADANAND WISHWANATH also of Bombay, Hindoo, residing in Khuthrally, outside the Fort, and GANPUT CASSINATHJEE of Bombay, Hindoo, residing at Kalbadevi Road, outside the Fort, and GANGABAI, widow of BALKRISHNA GOVINDRAO and a minor by her Guardian *ad litem* SHEWSHUNKER CASSINATHJEE, of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing in Dookhar Gully, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Respondents and Defendants.

AND APPEAL NO. 530.

SUNDRABAI, widow of PUDMANATH WASSUDEWJEE & LUXUMIBAI, widow of KRISHNARAO PUDMANATHJEE ..... Appellants and Defendants.
vs.
CHATOORBHOOJ MOORARJEE, SADA-NAND WISHWANATH, and WASSUDEO GANPAT KASSINATH and WASSUDEO RAMCHUNDRA ..... Respondents and Plaintiffs.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit on the 6th day of December, 1886, it was ordered amongst other things that the Sheriff of Bombay, as Special Commissioner in that behalf appointed should sell the estate of Purshotam Babojee in the pleadings of this suit mentioned, consisting of the following particulars, that is to say:—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground, containing by admeasurement 1947 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 254 and new No. 1811 and new survey No. 1689 including the messuages standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Assessment under the Municipality of Bombay, formerly under Nos. 43 and 44, and now under Ward No. and Street Nos. 109 and 111 (respectively known as the family dwelling-house and the Ganpati House), and the site of a former building similarly assessed under No. 46, and which premises are bounded on the West by the Kalbadevi Road, on the North by the property of Hurrichund Krishna Joshi, on the East by the out of Antoba Gosavi, and on the South by the property of Dhimjee Rowjee, and are more particularly described in the plan annexed to the said Decree, but not including and excepting from the said piece of land the following pieces or parcels of land forming a portion thereof, and the messuages and buildings standing there on, that is to say:—

1. All that piece or parcel of Government ground, being a portion of the out called Gharwdi oart, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 254, New No. 1811, old Survey No. 26, New Survey No. 1689, with a stable standing thereon, situate on the East side of Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub-district of Bombay, and formerly assessed under No. 41 by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, and now under Ward No. 394 and street No. 103, and bounded on the East by the vacant ground forming a portion of the said Gharwadi oart, on the West by a portion of the said oart used as a passage leading o Kalbadevi road, on the North by the vacant ground forming a portion of the said oart and separating the same from the secondly described property, on the south by the property of Dhimjee Rasjee, which premises are more particularly delineated and colored red and marked A in the plan annexed to the said Decree.

2. All that piece or parcel of Government ground being a portion of the oart called Gharwadi oart, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 254, new No. 1811, old Survey No. 26, New Survey No. 1689, with a dwelling-house standing thereon, commonly known as Brahmin or small new house, situate on the East side of the Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub-district of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under No. 42, but now under Ward No. 395 and street No. 105 and 107, and bounded on the East by the vacant ground form ng a portion of the said oart, on the West by a portion of the said oart used as a passage leading to the Kalbadevi road, on the North by a portion of the said oart separating the same from the family house of the late Purshotam Babojee, and on the South by a portion of the said oart separating the same from the 1st described property, which premises are more particularly delineated and colored green and marked B in the plan annexed to the said Decree.

3. All that piece or parcel of Government ground being a portion of the oart called Gharwadi, situate on the East side of the Kalbadevi road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub-district of Bombay, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 254, new No. 1811, old survey No. 26, and new survey No. 1689, with a stable standing thereon, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, formerly under No. 45, but now under Ward No. 399, and bounded on the east by a portion of the said oart used as a passage or gully separating the same from the property known as Gunpati house, on the West by the Chawl commonly called or known as Ghur Wadi Chawl No. 47, belonging to the appellant Wassudeo Ramchunderjee, on the north by the property of Harichandra Krishna Josey, and on the South by a portion of the said oart used as a passage leading to the Kalbadevi Road, which premises are more particularly delineated and colored blue and marked C in the plan annexed to the said Decree.

4. All that piece or parcel of land being a portion of the oart called Gharwadi oart, with a Chawl standing thereon, commonly called Gharwadi Chawl, facing the Kalbadevi Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the sub district of Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 254, New No. 1812, old survey No. 26, and new survey No. 1689, admeasuring 272 3 9ths square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, formerly under No. 47, but now under Ward No. 400 and street Nos. 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129 and 131, and bounded on the East party by the property thirdly described and partly by a portion of the Gharwadi oart, used as a passage leading to the Kalbadevi Road, on the West by the Kalbadevi Road aforesaid, on the North by the property of Harrichandra Krushna Josey, and on the South by vacant land forming portion of the Ghurwadi oart, which premises are more particularly delineated and colored yellow and marked D in the plan annexed to the said Decree, and also not including and excepting from the said piece of land the several rights, easements, and appurtenances belonging to the last-mentioned several four premises respectively,

And SECONDLY.—All that piece of land containing by admeasurement 3391 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 38 and new No. 1450 and New Survey No. 1-2056, situate lying and at Naigaum outside the Fort of Bombay and bounded on the East by the property of the said Wasudeo Ramchunderjee, on the West by the Naigaum Tank, on the North by the property of Maharaj, and on the south by the property of Mingoel Domingo Pereira, with all rights, easements, and appurtenances belonging to the said premises.

The Revenue payable to Government in respect of the firstly described property is Rs. 3-8-7 and the Revenue payable to Government in respect of the secondly described property is Rs. 17-10-7.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the dates and at the hours and places undermentioned the sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said decree, dated the 6th day of December, 1886, put up for sale by Public Auction to the highest bidder and without reserve the right, title, and interest of all the abovenamed parties in the said lands and premises.

The property firstly above described will be sold on the premises at 3-30 p. m., on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of March 1888.

The property secondly above described will be sold on the premises at 3-30 p. m., on THURSDAY, the 8th day of March 1888.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises nor the title of the said parties to the same or to any interest therein.

All the abovementioned parties have obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in each case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff or at the office of Messrs. Mansukhlall and Damodar attorneies for Thucker Chatoorbhoy Morarjee or at the office of Messrs. Crasie, Lynch, and Owen, attornies for the appellant Wasudeo Ramchundrajee, or at the office of Messrs. Little, Smith, Frere, and Nicholson attornies for the Defendants, Soondrabai and Luxumibai.—Dated this 3rd day of February, 1888.

THOMAS BLANEY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Messrs Mansukhlall and Damodar, attornies for Respondents and Plaintiffs

NEW YEAR
PRESENTS FOR FRIENDS IN EUROPE.
INDIAN CONDIMENTS
OF THE SEASON,
NRIVALLED FLAVOUR AND FRESHNESS,
AT THE DEPOT OF FRAMJEE NOWROJEE
SUPPLIER TO THE P. & O. COMPANY,
BOMBAY CLUB, ADMIRALTY & MESSES,
NO. 9, FORBES STREET, BOMBAY,
OPPOSITE TO MESSRS. FINLAY, MUIR & Co.

MANUFACTORY AT GIRGAUM.
Prize Medal
FOR
INDIAN CONDIMENTS AND PRESERVES, 1873.

Prize Medals Awarded at the London Exhibition of 1873, at the Amsterdam Exhibition of 1883, at the Melbourne Jubilee Exhibition of 1884-85, at the Antwerp Exhibition,
and at the London Exhibition of 1886.
Honorable Mention at the Vienna Exhibition.
Diploma Awarded at the Melbourne Exhibition.
Diploma and Medal awarded at the Exposition Universelle D'Anvres, 1885;
also Honourably Mentioned at the same Exhibition. Established in 1845.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
Up-country Orders will be promptly Executed.
Cases of Rs. 50 and upwards will be sent freeof Packing and Freight.
NONE ARE GENUINE UNLESS SIGNED BY ME
FRAMJEE NOWROJEE, No. 9, Forbes Street.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]
A PERFECT TIMEKEEPER.
RUNS 28 HOURS WITH ONE WINDING.
REGULATES TO A MINUTE A MONTH.
RARELY GETS OUT OF ORDER.
REPAIRS NEVER EXCEED ONE RUPEE.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

KEYLESS. THE WATCHMAKER, London:—"The Waterbury is guaranteed to give a maximum of results in timekeeping at a minimum of cost."

Rs. 8-8 MANCHESTER EXAMINER:—"The Waterbury is a splendid timekeeper."

MANCHESTER COURIER:—"Experience enables us to say that they are admirable timekeepers."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

RELIABLE. BIRMINGHAM POST:—"Keeps accurate time, and is a good-looking and handy watch."

Rs. 8-8 GLASGOW HERALD:—"A good timekeeper."

GLASGOW CITIZEN:—"A good timekeeper."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]
Unsolicited Testimonials from all parts of India received daily.

ACCURATE, *Nov. 16th*, 1886. *Salt Dept., Vepery.*

After more than two years' experience, I have much pleasure in testifying to the worth of the Waterbury Watch. For its price it is a wonderfully good watch, and will, I feel confident, be appreciated by the Madras public, to whom it is now being introduced for the first time.

G. W. FIRTH.

Rs. 8-8. Mr. F. G., Egmore, Madras, writes to us:—"I see you are advertising the Waterbury Watch for sale at the remarkably cheap rate of Rs. 8-8, and I feel that I must write and tell you what I think of the Waterbury watch. I bought one about a year ago, from a Calcutta Agent, for Rs. 11-4-0, and I have used it regularly ever since. It is a most accurate timekeeper, and is still as good as new, in appearance as well as working. I have had no trouble of any kind with it, and can recommend it as an excellent timekeeper (to the minute), and a cheap and durable watch. Several friends of mine have also invested in these watches, and they all speak of it as a pucka good article."

THE WTAERBURY

North-Western Railway.
Phillour, 29th May 1887.

Rs. 8-8 "I must and that I have two Watches in my possession, one a Waterbury, and one of J. R. Russell's bought a couple of months ago. I paid Rs. 22 for it, and it will not hold a candle—if I may so speak—to the Rs. 8-8 "Waterbury," either in appearance, workmanship, or keeping time.

"There is no doubt the Waterbury Watch Company have reached the acme of *excellence*. No better Watch could possibly be introduced at the price, which is indeed *wonderful*.

"A certain Firm is, I see, advertising one at Rs. 8. The Waterbury Watch is now too widely known to fear, anything from such competition. I should feel ashamed under the existing circumstances, to ask any commission on the sale of such low priced goods, and if your rules admitted it, I would do my best to effect sales for the mere sake of encouraging such Trade. Anyhow I will do my best to recommend the Waterbury Watch, whenever I get a chance, and hope soon to send you an order. Wishing the Company every success, of which they are heartily deserving.—I am, &c.

(Signed) R. P. PEARCE."

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

ELDOM GETS OUT OF ORDER. Convalescent Depot,
Kasaulie,
Punjab,
3-12-86.

Rs. 8-8. GENTLEMEN,
Kindly send 2 Waterbury Watches, of each to the following persons . . . . . , Since I got my watch it has kept exact time, and it is the admiration of all who have seen it both for look and cheapness. If you will send me some bills I will be most happy to circulate them amongst the men of the depot. I think it is a pity they are not more widely known, because a watch like the Waterbury is a boon to soldiers in India. I regulated mine with one of Benson's 6 Guinea Levers, and now it is not a second out either day or night.

I now remain,
Yours faithfully,
URBIN MILLS,
Corpl. 3rd Division Guards.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

EASILY REPAIRED. GENTLEMEN,—The other day I was shown a watch by Babu Peary Mohun Ghosal, the private clerk of H. B. Hederated, Esq., of the O. & R. Railway. He spoke in highest terms about the watch, and said the Waterbury Watch was the best of all the so-called cheap and accurate watches of the day. So I have been persuaded to write you to send me one per return V. P. Post to the following address—

Khoodi Ram Mistry,
E. W. MILLS,
Dhariwal,
Rs. 8-8 February 18, 1887.

MY DEAR SIR,
. . . . . The four Watches we have got here are going very well, and give perfect satisfaction. As far as my own is concerned, it has not varied one minute since the third day after I got it. I have been in the watch repairing trade 10 years before coming out here, and I can safely say that I never came across anything so good and at so cheap a price. Please send me two more in good order by V. P. P., and oblige.

Yours truly,
JOHN W. LEE.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

CHEAP. The HINDU of the 15th Nov. 1886 says:—"We are indebted to Messrs. Addison and Co., the well-known firm of Madras, for a silver-nickeled cased keyless watch. From a perusal of our advertisements it will be seen that several of the English Provincial organs have borne testimony to the merits of the Waterbury Watch. The price is only Rs. 8-8, and it is guaranteed for one year. They look remarkably well, and are very cheap."

Rs. 8-8 The BANGALORE DAILY POST of the 27th Nov. says:—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade, have been appointed Sole Agents for these watches, upon which there is just now a great run. The price, Rs. 8-8, should bring them within the reach of all, and be especially convenient as Xmas presents or prizes.

THE WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION. The BANGALORE SPECTATOR of 27th November says:—Messrs. Drummond and Co., of South Parade have been appointed Sole Agents here for these very popular Watches. How they can be sold for Rs. 8-8 is a marvel. They should be especially recommendable to soldiers or for Christmas gifts and prizes.

Rs. 8-8. The CEYLON OBSERVER (the leading daily paper in Colombo), says:—"We have seen one of these watches, and we must say that it is a wonderfully cheap article, especially as the Waterbury Company undertake to keep it in repair for a year, except, of course, in cases of accident or ill-usage.

T WATERBURY

[Guaranteed for One Year.]

PARTS INTERCHANGEABLE. Insure your life by wearing a Waterbury. The Company undertakes to pay the next of kin of any wearer of a Waterbury Watch purchased in India since October 1st, 1886, who may be killed while a passenger by accident on any Indian Railway during 1887, the sum of RUPEES ONE THOUSAND.

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Chains in all Patterns for the Waterbury from One Rupee four annas to Four Rupees.

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PEARL AND RUBY DEMI-SUITS
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It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

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Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Confidence, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires strength showing the importance of its action n the Organs of Nutrition.

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☞ The GUIDE for February has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

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RESERVE CUVEE, FINEST EXTRA DRY.
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A pure and excellent White Wine, (warranted without spirit).

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Eugene Cliquot Extra	Rs. 54 0	...
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Hoch

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

First Criminal Sessions, 10-30 a.m.
Bombay Volunteer Artillery Dinner.
Volunteer Parade, 5 p.m.
Fifes and Drums, Esplanade, 5-30 p.m.
Band, Yacht Club, 4th Bombay Rifles, 5-45. p. m.
Entertainment, Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock, 8 p.m.
Gaiety Theatre: Amateur Performance in aid of Cama Hospital, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Arabia (s), from Buareh; Sutlej (s), Shanghai; Navarino (s), London; and Burden Tower (s), Middlesborough.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Nordan (brig), for Port Natal; Pachumba (s), Coast and Karachi; Cathay (s), London; Hartington (s), Elephant Point; and Nurbedda (s), Galle.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 4th Bombay Rifles will play at the Royal Yacht Club, to-day, at 5-45 p. m.:—

March	Scarlet Flower	Massey.
Lancers	The Pirates of Penzance	Sullivan.
Valse	At the Ferry	D'Albert.
Selection	Tancredy	Rossini.
Valse	Thine Alone	Meissler.
Romance and Polacca		Thiere.
Mazurka	Azalien	Faust.

DRUMS, 2ND EAST YORKSHIRE REGIMENT.—The following programme of music will be played by the Drums and Fifes, 2nd Battalion East Yorkshire Regiment, at the Esplanade Bandstand, at 5-30 p.m.

March	Ring the Bell Watchman.
Schottische	Little Dorrit.
Polka	Circassian.
Valse	Henrietta.
Bugle March	
Trio	Trio for Piccolo under the Linden tree.

MARY CARPENTER SCHOLARSHIPS.—The Mary Carpenter scholarships for the 6th standard have been gained by Miss Pestibhai Dossabhoy Mistry and Miss Kirabai Beerjibhai Appoo, respectively, of the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Readymoney Girls' School, Khetwady.

KHETWADY BRANCH OF THE BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY.—The admissions for January 1888 were 2032, daily average attendance being 204·6.

A DISHONEST TRAM-CONDUCTOR.—At the Fort Police Court, yesterday, Mr. Crisp, Traffic Manager of the Tramway Company, prosecuted a conductor, named Govind Hurry, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey on a charge of issuing a ticket not provided by the Tramway Company. The accused was the conductor in charge of a car going to Girgaum. On the way a Goanese entered the car and asked for a ticket for Girgaum. He paid his fare but did not receive a ticket till the car had gone a long distance. The passenger finding the ticket dirty grew suspicious, and on arrival at the terminus at Girgaum reported the matter to the starter. It was then ascertained that the ticket the accused had given was one which had been issued on a brown car travelling between Money-School and the Market. In defence the conductor denied having issued the ticket to the Goanese who, he averred, had received it from a caste-fellow of his who was in the car at the time. But as he called no one to bear out his story the magistrate convicted him and fined him Rs. 10, in default fifteen days' hard labour.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. and C. I. Railway for the week ending 14th January, 1888, was 83,105 maunds, and in money Rs. 34,473.

SENT TO THE REFORMATORY.—Shunkur Bhow, a Hindoo lad, aged 14 years, in the service of Hormusji Jamsetjee, a student in the Elphinstone College, living on the Parell Road, was yesterday charged before Mr. F. Ryan of stealing a watch and sundry articles of wearing apparel, valued Rs. 13, the property of his master, on the 1st inst. On the date in question the accused, during his master's absence, stole the said articles, which were missing on complainant's return. A report was made to the police, and the accused was arrested on suspicion, when the watch was found in his possession and the wearing apparel concealed amongst his bedding. He was convicted and ordered to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory.

THEFT AT KHETWADY.—Coosha Jothee, a labourer, was yesterday charged, at the instance of Superintendent Page, before Mr. F. Ryan, with stealing Rs. 20, a pair of silver armlets, and sundry other articles valued Rs. 25-10, the property of Naroo Mahadeo, a mill labourer, living at Khetwady 6th Lane, on the 30th ultimo. During the absence of the complainant the accused broke open the box belonging to the complainant, stole the articles, and buried them underground near a fire-place in his room. The complainant, suspecting the accused, informed the police, and the stolen articles were recovered from the place where they had been concealed. The accused was convicted and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

A FALSE CHARGE.—Superintendent Cummy yesterday charged Bi koo Nuttoo, a dhobi, before Mr. Crawley-Boevey, with giving false information to Inspector Wilson with intent to cause injury to a man named Ahmed Surkhan. The complainant, it appeared, had been very intimate with the dhobi's sister whom he intended to marry. For this purpose, the woman left her brother's house and lived with complainant. Disbelieving that the complainant's intentions were honourable and having had plans of his own as to his sister's marriage with a caste-fellow the accused was very indignant, and in order to prevent any marriage he lodged a complaint of theft against his sister's paramour. Inspector Wilson made inquiries with regard to the ornaments alleged to have been stolen, but found no trace of them. From the behaviour of the dhobi he suspected that the charge was false. The man denied it was, and protested that his ornaments had been stolen However, next morning, he admitted to the police that he had made a false charge, so as to induce them to take the Mahomedan in custody and prevent the marriage with his sister. His Worship, in dealing with the matter, said that the public had to be protected, and though admitting to consideration the accused's excuse, he could not inflict a less fine than Rs. 50, in default one month's hard labour.

THE MAHOMEDAN TRESPASS CASE.—At the Fort Police Court on Thursday, Mr. Crawley-Boevey resumed the hearing of the trespass case in which Mr. Hassambhoy Visram is charged by a Mahomedan, named Ebrahim Currimally, with criminal trespass. Mr. Gray appeared for the prosecution and Mr. P. M. Mehta for the defence. After hearing some further evidence his Worship dismissed the case, remarking that there had been no trespass, and that the defendant had merely taken possession of the house legally. He acquitted the defendant.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON BOARDSHIP.—Yesterday morning, about 9 o'clock, the body of Charles Bruce, a seaman of the British ship Principality, was found floating in the harbour off Garnac Bunder. Deceased, on Wednesday last, was standing on a staging outside of his ship and painting the vessel, when one end of it suddenly gave way and he fell into the sea and was drowned. The body of the deceased was removed to the Morgue at Cammatcepoora, where an inquest was held by the coroner yesterday afternoon. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

DEFRAUDING THE G. I. P. RAILWAY COMPANY.—Three petty merchants, named Appa Goorsadappa, Esaujee Cassimjee, and Goolam Hoosein Jaffer Ali, were yesterday charged by Mr. Byramjee Hormusjee, Head Foreman of the Goods Department G. I. P. Railway, Ward Bunder, before Mr. F. Ryan, with making a false declaration of goods for transmission by that railway. They were convicted and fined Rs. 15, 15, and 10, respectively.

A FORTHCOMING MARRIAGE.—We hear that Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk (better known as Mahdi Ali) is about to ally himself more closely with the Dominions by the marriage of his nephew with a member of a noble Hyderabad family. It has long been a reproach to the Hindustanees, as they are styled, that few of them have regarded Hyderabad otherwise than a land of good appointments and large incomes, to be deserted as soon as a competence has been acquired. Mahdi Ali, however, who was amongst the first to arrive here, will by this marriage form lasting ties in the land of his adoption, and will practically become a Hyderabadi of the Hyderabadies. The young lady, whom his nephew Nazeer Beg is about to marry, is the grand-daughter of Nawab Rafaat-ul-Mulk, who was an influential noble of Nizam Ali Khan's time and held jagirs worth lakhs of rupees a year. Her brother is Rasool Yar Jung, the famous City Kotwal of Nizam Afzul-ud-Dowlah. The family are closely related to that of Kadir Jung, one of the best known of the Hyderabadis of the present day, and whose daughter is shortly to be married to the brother of Nazeer Beg's fiancee. Another relative is Nawab Mohi-ud-Dowlah (Rasool Yar Khan) who has charge of all the mosques and religious endowments throughout his Highness' Dominions. Mahdi Ali will thus become connected with three or four of the best families in Hyderabad, that of the young lady who will become his niece being specially noted for its pure and high descent and wealth. Another and very striking feature regarding this alliance is, that a family of pure orthodox Mahomedans should consent to connect themselves by marriage with one who has the reputation, altogether unmerited, of having very little regard for his own religion or any other. It will be a complete answer to the Mahomedan Mrs. Grundy's of Hyderabad who have not scrupled to make the most slanderous accusations against Mahdi Ali in regard to religious matters, for no Hyderabad family would connect themselves with one whose religious views were not in complete accord with their own. Nazeer Beg, Mahdi Ali's nephew, who was until recently a pupil of the Nizam's College, is a young man of high promise, and likely to make a name for himself in his Highness' service when a suitable position is found for him.—*Deccan Times.*

ALL those who appreciate Lily White Teeth Purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flower should use Kemp & CO.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bottle Re. 1-4 and Re. 2-4.

A COLD-BLOODED MURDER.

BEFORE Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Parsons, at the High Court, on Thursday, the case of the Empress *vs.* Malujee Purbhudas and Gabad Bhowan was considered for confirmation of a sentence of death passed upon the prisoners. Both the prisoners were found guilty of murder by Mr. George Jacob, Joint Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, now acting as Registrar, Bombay High Court, and were sentenced to be hanged. Mr. Branson, with Mr. Chimanlal, appeared for the first prisoner; Mr. Chimanlal, under the instructions of the Registrar, also appeared for the second prisoner; while Mr. Mandlik, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown. On the night of the 10th November last, the deceased Bhowan Khoosal was sleeping with his father in a room of his house after having bolted the door and windows of the room. On the following morning the dead body of Bhowan was found lying outside the house, there being three deep wounds on his body. The matter was reported to the police; and Khoosal, the father of the deceased, suspected the first prisoner as the perpetrator of the deed, as he had a recent quarrel with the deceased. The first prisoner was accordingly arrested, and he confessed to the police that he had committed the murder, and that the second prisoner was his accomplice. The latter was also arrested; and to a "panch," who assembled in his house, he produced the pick-axe with which he had murdered the deceased. He also produced a linen sheet stained with blood, as well as a stick that was used in beating the deceased. The Sessions Judge, concurring with the assessors, found both the prisoners guilty of murder and sentenced them to be hanged. Their lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances of the case, confirmed the sentence.

FIRST CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

THE trial of Mahadoo Babajee on a charge of causing the death of Nagoo Rama by the administration of arsenic in a country sweetmeat, called "penda," was resumed yesterday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley and the same special jury. The Hon. Mr. Latham, with Mr. Basil Scott, appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. Russell defended the prisoner.

Dr. Gallaghar, in further cross-examination by Mr. Russell, said there was a good deal of resemblance between Asiatic cholera and the symptoms of arsenical poisoning which resulted in death.

I believe fish in this country causes as much cholera as anything else?—It causes much pain and suffering like cholera.

What opinion did you form of the case?—From the history of the case, I had no doubt it was a case of arsenical poisoning.

Whom did you get the history from?—From the deceased man himself.

Apart from the history of the case, the symptoms you observed were consistent with a case of cholera?—Almost.

What difference did you observe between the symptoms of poisoning and the symptoms of cholera in the case?—I saw acute inflammation in the tracts of the bowels.

Does not cholera produce acute inflammation?—Does not always do so; very often does.

Poisonous minerals, in their effects, are very often similar to the effects of cholera?—Yes, some of them.

Did you ask the deceased any questions about what he had been drinking?—I asked him about the cause of his sickness.

That was all?—And to give me a history of the case.

Ganeshdas, a sweetmeat seller, said he never sold "pendas" to the prisoner, and never saw him before.

To Mr. Latham.—From the examination I made, I have no doubt whatever that the cause of death was arsenical poisoning.

Mr. Russell then addressed the jury for the defence. Upon the case put before them by the prosecution, the jury were bound to be satisfied not only that the evidence for the prosecution was consistent with the prisoner's guilt, but they ought to be satisfied also, that it was inconsistent with the man's innocence. The jury would bear in mind the medical evidence, that the symptoms from which the deceased was suffering were consistent with those of a case of cholera. The questions for the consideration of the jury were, did the man die of poison? If so, did he die of poison administered by the prisoner? The manner and the pots in which the food had been prepared might have led to the result. The curry-stone on which the deceased's wife ground the curry-stuff might have helped in the same direction. The only possible motive which the prosecution would suggest for the crime was the dispute which occurred between the prisoner and the deceased on the 9th October, more than a month previously. Looking to the ordinary motives which actuate human conduct, it was impossible to believe the case set up for the prosecution. Would the jury believe that a quarrel, which occurred more than a month before about a paltry sum of money, would have been sufficiently strong motive for a well-behaved man to commit the crime of murder. That the prisoner had been seen hovering about the deceased's house for some days was a circumstance in his favour; he had merely been trying to prevail upon the deceased to repay the money that had been advanced to him. Going to the deceased's house, again, at an early hour on the 16th November, was a circumstance not inconsistent with the prisoner's innocence. A man who was going to commit a murder would not cry out from the street for his intended victim to come down and give him entrance into the house, as the prisoner was alleged to have done. Again, what evidence was there to discredit the prisoner's statement to the European constable that he had bought the awesome at the shop of Ganeshdas? The learned counsel concluded by asking the jury to give his client the benefit of the doubt which must exist in their minds on the important point, whether the prisoner was aware of the presence of arsenic in the sweetmeat.

His Lordship, in summing up the case, said he put it to the jury as a matter of law that, not only was the prisoner not bound to prove his innocence in this case, but that the prosecution were bound to prove to the satisfaction of the jury that the prisoner knew that there was arsenic in the sweetmeat which he gave the deceased to eat. What evidence was there to prove to the satisfaction of the jury that, early in the morning of the 16th November last, the prisoner knew that the "penda" he gave the deceased was poisoned? No motive was suggested which, according to the rules of human conduct, could have led the prisoner to commit the crime of murder. It sometimes happened in this country that a wife, at the instigation of a paramour, secretly gave poison to her husband; but there was no ground in this case for such a supposition. It was a most unlikely circumstance, in his Lordship's opinion, that the prisoner, after administering a deadly poison, would have not only continued to remain a long time, but would have actually slept in the intended victim's house. As far as could be seen, there was no motive for the prisoner to commit the crime. The money due to him had been paid off weeks previously; and there was no reason for a continuation of the enmity. There was, his Lordship remarked, no motive on the part of the prisoner; and there was no evidence whatever to show that he knew that the "penda" contained poison, or that he intended to cause death.

The jury retired for consultation; and on their return into Court, the foreman said the jury found the prisoner not guilty by a majority of seven to two. His Lordship agreed with the verdict of the majority; and the prisoner was discharged.

The foreman: The jury wish to know if they could be excused from further attendance at the present Sessions?

The Judge: There are four more murder cases for trial, gentlemen. Come to-morrow morning at 10-30 a.m., and we will see if we can let you off.

The jury then left the court.

LURKING HOUSE TRESPASS.

Dinshaw Rustomjee, an old offender, was charged with having committed house-breaking and lurking house trespass by night in order to commit theft. About 2 a.m., on the 15th December last, the accused was seen trying to conceal himself on the second floor of the house of Cursondas Hurgovindas, the prosecutor, in Hulnooman Lane, outside the Fort. On being challenged, he began to enquire about one Khimjee, although no person of that name lived in the house. He then coloured his story, saying he was sent by one Cowasjee Seth to fetch a key from Khimjee. He was handed over to and recognised by the police. The jury convicted the prisoner, who admitted a previous conviction. He had nothing to say why sentence should not be passed upon him.

His Lordship, in passing sentence, said: Dinshaw Rustomjee, on your admission before the committing Magistrate, you appear to have been confined in the David Sassoon Reformatory for two years and a half. That does not seem to have had any salutary effect upon you, because during the last nine years, you appear to have been sentenced by magistrates to jail no less than nine times. Four times you received sentences of three months, each; once of six months; once of year's rigorous imprisonment; and once, of two years' rigorous imprisonment. It is quite clear that you are a habitual thief, and are therefore liable to transportation for life. The sentence of the Court is that you be transported for ten years to such place as the Governor-General in Council may direct.

LURKING HOUSE TRESPASS.

Caitan de Silva, an old native Christian, was charged with lurking house trespass on the premises of Mr. Alexander Miller, an engine driver in the employ of the B. B. and C. I. Railway, residing at Parell. About 2 o'clock on Saturday morning the 14th ult. the prosecutor was awakened from sleep and sat up in his cot. He then saw that the prisoner was engaged in emptying the contents of two drawers on to a dressing table in his room. On seeing the prosecutor, the prisoner stooped down under the table, hiding himself behind the cloth. On the prosecutor calling out "boy, what are you doing there," the prisoner made no reply. Prosecutor got up and repeated the question, when prisoner, who had meanwhile stood up said "I am your boy." Prosecutor "replied No, you are not my servant." Prisoner then caught him by the throat and attempted to dash past, but was prevented by the prosecutor's son, who came up. Prisoner was made over to the police.

Prisoner to Mr. Miller: Did not your cook bring me to the house?

Mr. Miller: Not at all. He denied having done so, and said he never saw you before.

Prisoner: Were you not drunk at the time?

Mr. Miller: I never was drunk in my life.

The Judge: Are you a teetotaller, Mr. Miller?

Mr. Miller: I have been a teetotaller all my life.

The Judge: Well, many estimable men drink; and many estimable men are teetotallers.

The jury found the prisoner guilty. He admitted a previous conviction by a magistrate, but denied he had ever been convicted in the Sessions Court. There was, however, such a conviction, of which the jailer could give evidence. As the jailer was not in Court, the judge deferred passing sentence until this morning. The Sessions were then adjourned until 10-30 a.m. to-day (Saturday).

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

THE following is the finding of the Magistrate in a case in which Ardashir Hormusjee Todiwalla was accused of misappropriating a sum of Rs. 650 entrusted to him for payment to Messrs. Aldridge Salmon and Co., when he recently went to England:—

The accused denies having misappropriated the money and states that he paid it to another Aldridge & Co., owing to the address given by the complainant not being clear or rather erroneous. He adds that he came to know of the mistake afterwards and tried his best to rectify it, but before he was able to do anything he was obliged to return to India on account of ill-health, and that therefore he would either see the money paid in England or here by the end of February or in March next. It is proved from the evidence recorded that the accused did receive the money and that he has up to this date failed to pay it to the proper person. There is every probability that the accused has spent the money for his own use, but unless there is clear evidence of his misappropriating it and that too dishonestly the serious charge of Criminal Breach of Trust cannot be established against him. There is no doubt that there has been an error or discrepancy in the address written in the body of the receipts and that given to the accused agreeably to the copy thereof on the back of the receipt. It also appears from papers C. & J. that the plea of the accused is not a new one but adduced from the beginning whether correct or not. Unless therefore affidavits are brought from England to the effect. Firstly.—There are not two Firms of the name of Aldridge & Co. 2ndly.—That even granting that there are two Firms still the money was not paid in to either of them, and 3rdly.—That the accused has misappropriated it to his own use, it would not be safe to prepare a charge against him.

I therefore determine upon discharging the accused under Section 253 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Should the complainant hereafter obtain the additional evidence which is necessary for the proper constitution of the charge there will not be the least difficulty in reapprehending the accused and bringing him to trial. As matters at present stand there is not sufficient proof against the accused in a Criminal Court, although there may be in a Civil one. The undersigned is not alone of this opinion but the Cantonment Magistrate also must have formed the same opinion from the fact that the charge entertained by him was one in which a warrant was to be issued still he issued a summons in the first instance.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE BIRDWOOD and the Hon. Mr. JUSTICE PARSONS.)

AN ORDER FOR COMPENSATION REVERSED.

RAHIMAN SOLOMON *vs.* SHALOME JOSEPH.

THE complainant in this case applied for revision of an order of acquittal passed by Mr. Crawley-Boevey, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate at Bombay, on the 30th September last, in a case in which the complainant preferred a charge of assault against the defendant. The Magistrate further ordered the complainant to pay a sum of Rs. 15 as compensation to the defendant. Mr. Branson, instructed by Messrs. Tobin and Roughton, appeared for the complainant.

Mr. Crawley-Boevey, in dismissing the complaint, had said that he had no hesitation in acquitting the accused under section 245 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and as he considered that the complaint against the accused was plainly vexatious, he ordered the complainant, under the provisions of section 250 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to pay to Shalome Joseph the sum of Rs. 15 as compensation for the injury that he had caused to him.

Mr. Justice Birdwood, in disposing of the appeal, said: The evidence now recorded by the Chief Presidency Magistrate shows that the complainant, Rahiman Solomon, immediately after he was beaten, gave information against his assailants at the Pydhonee police station, and that he there named Shalome Joseph as the person who had instigated the assault. This evidence was admissible under section 157 of the Evidence Act to corroborate the evidence given by the complainant in the Chief Presidency Magistrate's Court; and it is clear from this evidence that the complaint against Shalome Joseph was not an afterthought as supposed by the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The evidence of Constable Webb shows that the principal reason given by the Magistrate, for his finding that the charge was false and concocted, is not good. We think, therefore, that there are no sufficient grounds for the Magistrate's order directing the complainant under section 250 of the Code of Criminal Procedure to pay Rs. 15 to the accused as compensation. We reverse his order accordingly.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE following are excerpts from the proceedings of a meeting of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay held on the 31st ultimo.

ADDITION TO COAL SHED AT THE WORKSHOPS.

Resumed consideration of letter from the Engineer, dated 9th January, in which it is recommended that in the ensuing year's budget provision be made for an addition to the coal shed at the workshops 170 by 20, which will hold about 600 tons of coal. The Engineer explains that the increased consumption of coal consequent on the addition of the "Kaphus," "Phalas" and the Hydraulic Engine at the new dock renders this additional storage necessary. The estimated cost is stated to be Rs. 2,550.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

SALE OF OLD AND USELESS STORES.

Read letter from the Engineer, dated 27th January, requesting Trustees' sanction to the sale of certain old and useless stores consisting of brass wheels which belonged to an old oil press, bolts and nuts, coach screws and nails and wood screws which are either too rusty or unsuitable for use, worn out and burnt spanners, tongs and points and crossings, pulley blocks, &c. He states that there are also some old and returned stores not on the books, the value of which, if sold, will be credited to works. The Engineer states that the best offer made is by Mahomed Mulloo viz., Rs. 1,352-11-11 for stores which stand in the books at Rs. 3,463-3-1. He recommends that the loss Rs. 2,110-7-2 be written off. The amount offered for the stores not in the books is Rs. 83-0-2.

Resolution.—Mr. Mahomed Mulloo's offer may be accepted.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The following were amongst the papers laid on the table:—

Report of town duty collected at Trustees' wharfs and dock during December. Amount Rs. 1,47,399 against Rs. 1,51,766 in December 1886.

Report by Port Officer, dated 28th January, that buttella Hurry Parsad, laden with firewood, sank in the harbour on Wednesday afternoon, the plug of the boat having come out. The Port Officer reports that the boat was towed to Mody Bunder.

PILOTAGE STATEMENT.

	For week ending 27th Jan. 1888.	For week ending 27th Jan. 1887.
Vessels piloted into harbour	23	13
" " out of "	20	21
" transported	10	13
" attended to	0	1

STATEMENT OF VESSELS USING PRINCE'S DOCK.

	For week ending 27th Jan. 1888.	For week ending 27th Jan. 1887.
Vessels entered	8	13
" left	7	8
" remaining in dock.	17	13

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

* Major-General Craster, Jeypore.
* Mrs Craster, Jeypore.
* Miss Craster, Jeypore.
* Mrs Rawlins, Jeypore.
* Mr and Mrs W Sconce, Meerut.
* Mr R Cornish, England.
Mr W Bukon, England.
* Mr J Bevan, England.
Mr N Laski, England.
* Mr W Ackland, England.
* Mr E A West, Hubli.
* Mr and Mrs C de Hamilton, Poona.
* Mr A M Harris, RE, Poona.
Capt H Sadler, Baroda.
Lieut A D G Shelly, RE, Simla.
* Mr R Darney, Mauritius
Lieutenant J H Henderson, London.
* Mr T Osborne, London.
* Mr T Thompson, Cawnpore.
* Maj H Cherry, London.
* Mr Down, Belgaum.
* Mrs Down, England.
Captain E Lushington, Bombay.
Dr and Mrs F F Mullen, England.
* Mr R H Elliott, Scotland.
Mr R A F Brewster, London.
* Mr R E Roberts, London.
* Mr A Mitchell, London.
* Mr J Crombie, London.
Rev and Mrs R Fletcher, Australia.
* Mr J North, Raipur.
Capt Bromley, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs F Agnew, Rangoon.
Mr H G Davidson.
Mr A Gillon, Umballa.
Mr Roney Dougal, Umballa.
Mr G K Tighe, Umballa.
Mr F W Howse, Umballa.
Mr G N Nairn, Umballa.
Col Truman, 7th D Guards, Mhow.
Lieutenant and Mrs Read, Raipur.
Mr W Forster, Raipur.
Mr A Clarke, Raipur.
Mr Finch, New York.
Lieut A H Eustace, Bombay.
Mr H C S Bogge, Bombay.
Mr A Conley, Bombay.
Mr J Aspiniwall, Bombay.
Mr W M Fleischer, Bombay.
Mr A T Bland, Bombay.
Mr T Fernie, Bombay.
Mr G Webb, Bombay.
Mr and Mrs M Wadia, Bombay.
Mrs V Thompson, Bombay.
Mr A Hoernle, Bombay.
Mr J Friedmann, Bombay.
* Mr J V Martindale, Calcutta.
Mr M Schwer, Bombay.
Mrs Yates, Jeypore.
Mr D Rae, Bombay.
* Col Pennycuick.

Residents left during the week marked (*) thus.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN-TENNIS HANDICAP.

DOUBLES, FINAL TIE.

			Sets.
Ward / Murray	scratch beat	Nicholson / O'Connor	2 6
			+ ½ 15 6 5
			6 5

SINGLES, THIRD TIME.

Nicholson	scratch beat	Young + 15	6 2
			6 3
Cobbold + ½ 15	"	Ward scratch	6 4
			6 4

SINGLES, FINAL TIE.

Nicholson scratch beat Cobbold + ½ 15	6 2	
	6 2	

Entries for the Marryott Lawn-Tennis Challenge Cup close this evening, Saturday, 4th inst., at 6 o'clock.

CALENDAR.—FEBRUARY, 1888.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Last Quarter	Feb.	5th, 0h. 12·1m., a.m.
New Moon	"	12th, 4h. 13·8m., a.m.
First Quarter	"	20th, 6h. 50·5 m., a.m.
Full Moon	"	27th, 4h. 48·9m., p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-Rise.	Sun-Set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M. H. M.	H. M. H. M.
Sat. 4	Volunteer Parade, Town Hall, 5 p.m. First Criminal Sessions, 10-30 a.m. Graduates' Association, General Meeting. Expected arrival of Duke of Connaught. Bombay Volunteer Artillery, Battery Dinner. Entertainment Seamen's Institute, Prince's Dock, 8 p.m. Gaiety Theatre: Amateur Performance, in aid of Cama Hospital.	6 35	5 53	3 31m 4 27 a	10 2m 10 a
Sun. 5	Sexagesima Sunday. Volunteer Church Parade, 5-15 p.m.	6 35	5 54	4 29m 5 55 a	11 3m 11 35 a
Mon. 6	First Criminal Sessions, 10-30 a.m. Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. Jamsetjee Manufacturing Co., Meeting, 3 p.m. Ladies' Dinner at Yacht Club. English mail expected per s.s. Verona.	6 34	5 54	5 22m 7 24 a	0 29 a
Tu. 7	Ball at Government House, Malabar Point.	6 34	5 55	6 22m 8 35 a	1 18m 1 25 a
Wed. 8	First Criminal Sessions, 10-30 a.m. Town Council, 3 p.m. Bombay Undergraduates' Association, Fort High School, 8 p.m. Half-yearly General Meeting, Bombay Gymkhana, 6 p.m. Gaiety Theatre: Mrs. Norville's Benefit.	6 34	5 55	8 2m 9 37 a	2 22m 2 32 a
Thr. 9	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. Lady Reay's Fancy Fair and Fete.	6 33	5 56	9 15m 10 21 a	3 42m 3 30 a
Fri. 10	Imperial Cotton Mills Meeting, 4-30 p.m. Lady Reay's Fancy Fair and Fete. Masonic Ball, Town Hall. Departure of the English mail per s. s. Sutlej.	6 32	5 56	10 12m 11 3 a	4 26m 4 11 a

* Left Aden at 6 p.m., on Tuesday, 31st ultimo.

DIVINE SERVICE.

SEXAGESIMA SUNDAY.—FEB. 5.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral). Agutter in G.—Hymns 7, 323 and 324.
10-30 a.m.—Litany with plain Celebration and Sermon by the Rev. F. N. Hill.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Rev. A. Goldwyer Lewis.—Hymns 166 and 274.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Simper in F.
Anthem.—"The Son of God goes forth to War."—Sullivan.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m., and Evensong at 4-45 p.m. Thursday.—7-15 a.m.—Usual Celebration.

ST. JOHN'S CHURCH, COLABA.

8 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Parade Service, Matins and Sermon.—Hymns 2, 169 and 260.
6 p.m.—Choral Evensong and Sermon.—Hymns 182, 210 and 21.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION (ESPLANADE). FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 183, 261, and 191.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 282, 231 and 24.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer, Sermon and Holy Communion.—Hymns 530, 158 and 539.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 205, 70 and 25.

Wednesday, February 8.

6 p.m.—Prayer Meeting.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon, and Holy Communion.—Hymns 156, 200 and 260.
6-45 p.m.—Children's Service.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 261, 284 and 286.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.
Colaba, Causeway.

11 a.m.—Mr. Francis Patel, and 6 p.m.—Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Byculla, next to Victoria Gardens.
11 a.m.—Rev. G. W. Clutterbuck and 6 p.m.—Mr. Francis Patel.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Parel, Elphinstone Road.
9 a.m.—Mr. Jurain, and 6 p.m.—Mr. A. Gibson.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Cordial invitation to all.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong, Flower Service and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Choral and Sermon.
5-15 p.m.—Children's Service (Choral and Sermon).
6 p.m.—Evensong and Children's Service.
Daily.—6-30 and 7 a.m., and 8 p.m.
Alms for general expenses.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPOORA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 38, 357 and 36.

ST. NICHOLAS (SEAMEN'S) CHURCH, PRINCE'S DOCK.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer.
7 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

HARBOUR SERVICES.
BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held to-morrow (Sunday) morning at eleven o'clock on board the ship Principality. Captains, officers and seamen are cordially invited to attend.

A launch for friends from shore will leave the Arthur Bunder at 10-25 and Apollo Bunder at 10-35 a.m., precisely.

COMMUTATION OF A SENTENCE OF DEATH.

At the High Court on Thursday, Mr. Justice Birdwood and Mr. Justice Parsons considered an appeal in the case of the Empress *vs.* Balloo bin Dhakoo. Prisoner was convicted by Mr. Hoaking, Sessions Judge of Tanna, of murder and sentenced to death. Mr. Gangaram Rele appeared for the prisoner under the instructions of the Registrar; and Mr. Mandlik, Government Pleader, for the Crown. On the 15th December last, the accused Balloo, with another man, named Dhakoo, was sitting on the verandah in front of the house of the deceased, Sonia Shewa. Balloo lived in the next house to that of the deceased, and had threatened to kill him by way of paying off an old score. The deceased had, on the day in question, gone to the house of Balloo's brother-in-law returning home, was attacked by the two accused. Dhakoo held the deceased by his shoulders while Balloo inflicted two deep wounds on his body by means of a sickle. The wounds bled profusely, and the deceased died on the spot. The Sessions Judge, agreeing with the jury, found Balloo guilty of murder and sentenced him to be hanged. Dhakoo was discharged, as the jury found him not guilty. Having considered the mitigating circumstances in the case, their Lordships commuted the sentence of death to that of transportation for life.

SOME anxious inquirers have been examining the psychological condition of children—that is, asking them "posers," and taking down the answers. The results are published in the *Journal of Education*, but we doubt whether they are worth much. "Are you putting down the speriments you've been making with me?" said a subject of four-and-a-half. Now, if a child gets it into his head that he is being "sperimented" on, an element of self-consciousness, and probably of mischief, is introduced into his mind. He at once begins to "show off." For example. "Who rules over England?" "The Queen." "What is her name?" "Jubilee." Or, "Why don't grown-up people go to school?" "There aren't half enough schools." This respondent was a physical philosopher. He knew that "if you went very high up in a balloon, you couldn't breathe the air—it is so thin." The minds of children can only be studied when the children are not aware that they are being critically examined—when they are conversing among themselves. Thus a child who has noticed the full moon, and then observed the crescent, has been heard to explain the change by remarking "a bad man has cut her with a knife." The little boy of the *Educational Journal* would have had scientific explanation.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Feb. 4.—Investiture Order of Indian Empire, Calcutta.
Expected Arrival of the Duke of Connaught.
Entries for Gymkhana Lawn Tennis Challenge Cup close.
Amateur Theatricals in aid of the Cama Hospital Endowment Fund.
Bombay Volunteer Artillery, Battery Battery Dinner.
" 5.—Volunteer Church Parade.
" 6.—Expected Arrival of Duc d'Orleans.
Ladies' Dance at Yacht Club.
" 7.—Ball at Government House.
" 8.—Town Council, 3 p.m.
Mrs. Norville's Benefit, Gaiety Theatre.
Annual Meeting, Countess of Dufferin's Fund.
" 9.—Fancy Bazaar, in aid of Lady Reay's Fund.
Special General Meeting, Bombay Municipal Corporation.
" 10.—Fancy Bazaar, in aid of Lady Reay's Fund.
Departure of M. S. Sutlej.
Masonic Ball, Town Hall.
" 11.—Fancy Bazaar, in aid of Lady Reay's Fund.
Arrival of the Maharaja of Travancore.
" 13.—Yacht Club Dance.
" 14.—Yacht Club Annual Meeting.
H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught visits Freemason's Hall, Byculla.
Shrove Tuesday.
Byculla Club Annual Ball.
" 15.—Town Council Meeting.
Ash Wednesday.
" 17.—Departure of M. S. Siam.
" 19.—First Sunday in

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The rate for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 5 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

WANTED.—3 GRADUATES, for a school in Bombay, to teach Latin, English, and Mathematics in the 6th, 7th, and 8th Standards. Apply with copies of certificates, stating terms, to "C.," care of this paper.

ROYAL FAMILY HOTEL, POONA.—First-class upper storeyed Hotel, best and very airy situation. Every comfort to Families and Single Gentlemen. Terms moderate.—FRAMJI DADABHAI & Co.

A CLERK WANTED, salary Rs. 20. Must write and know English well.—E., *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, a second-hand HARMONIUM in good order. No reasonable offer refused.—9, Church Gate Street.

OFFICE TO LET, fit for Merchants or Barristers' Chambers. Apply on the premises to THAKURDAS, DHARAMSI, & CAMA, No. 23, Rampart Row.

ICES! ICES! ICES!—Four kinds daily. Every day different kinds; also Wines and Spirits of the best qualities, to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, No. 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

COME AND SEE our new Bohemian Baskets, Vases, and Centrepieces, in varied colours. Prices very cheap to insure quick sale.—SHROFF BROTHERS.

FREE PASSAGE given to European Nurse for attendance on 2 young children going to England next month.—Apply to "M. X.," care of this Office.

FOR SALE.—A COVENTRY TRICYCLE, by Sutton, nearly new. Cost £30 (Rs. 300). Apply to Alexandra Hotel.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, Bombay.—First-class French Cook. Breakfast or Tiffin; Re. 1, Dinner, Rs. 2.

FLOUR DRESSER FOR SALE.—Brand new, by a good maker, at greatly reduced price. Apply WM. WATSON & Co., 23, Apollo Street, Bombay.

WANTED, an INDENT CLERK who could influence a good business in Continental Goods. Apply with testimonials to "D.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, a Respectable European of good address and steady habits to work as a CLERK in the Hotel Office. Apply personally with copies of Certificates to Manager, Esplanade, Hotel, between 11 a. m. and 2 p.m., TO-DAY.

TO LET, at the hill Station, Lanowlee, nearly 2,500 feet higher than the level of the sea, much higher than Khandala, a well furnished Bungalow with outhouses, stabling, &c., very clean and private. Apply Mrs. E., Bhore Ghaut Villa, Lonauli.

BEAUTIFUL DIAMOND EAR-STUDS and LOCKETS, Re. 150 to Rs. 800.—S. and J. KHAN, 6 Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

MRS. TYTLER'S STUDIO on VIEW from 8 a. m. till 5 p.m., at 31 Apollo Hotel.

FOR GUNS.—Large size, Rs. 55, with ammunition complete.—GEYER & Co., Ld.

JEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla, No. 6. First Class Furniture for Sale or Hire. Inspection cordially invited.

SINGER STILL LEADS!! The only medal at the New Cross Jubilee Exhibition for SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

THE CASH BAZAAR CLEARANCE SALE will be over in a few days. Special Reductions. 29, Church Gate Street.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a First-class Upper-storeyed Hotel. Each family has a separate Sitting-room. Terms moderate.

TO BE LET, Bungalows at Falkland Road, with nice gardens. Rent, Rs. 50 to 100. Apply to R. M. RUTNAGAR, Share Market.

FOR SALE, a Bay Arab Pony, 4 years, 13.3, fast and quiet in harness. Price, Rs. 300. Apply to STEPHENS and SONS, Girgaum.

ICES! ICES!! Every day three kinds of Ices. Fresh Pastry, English and French Confectionery.—MORENAS & Co., General Merchants.

TEMPLE BAR HOTEL, Rampart Row, (Opposite Municipal Offices). TOM SAYERS, Proprietor. Entirely under European Management.

WANTED, by a gentleman good BOARD and LODGING in the Fort or Colaba, Rs. 100 per mensem. Apply "G. B.," care of *Bombay Gazette*.

MATHERAN SEASON OPENED. ALEXANDRA AND PINTO'S HOTELS open to Visitors. Detached Bungalows available for [illegible]

NEW GOODS! [illegible] Perfect Fit GUARANTEED [illegible] Re. 15, 18 [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] SEWING MACHINES.

DOCTOR PAULO MERLO, from Italy, GRATIS CONSULTATION, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, from 2 to 3 p.m., at his Office, 43 Mereuby Road.

CALLIAN MOTTI and Co., Bombay, have received by the last mail a new stock of ladies' hats and bonnets and dress material, suitable for morning and evening wear. Prices very reasonable.

JUST ARRIVED NEW PATENT ARISTONS, with Iron Axles and Brass Wheels, with 12 Tunes and packing case complete, Rs. 40.—L. STEFENAUER, 5, Church Gate Street, Fort.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

A TRIAL IS THE BEST TEST.—Before buying your Teas elsewhere a trial only is solicited at DANTRA'S Genuine and Cheapest Tea Depôt, 27, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Price list on application.

GENT'S PATENT DANCING PUMPS and for EVENING WEAR, by the best London makers, Rs. 13-8. Also Patent Oxford Shoes, Rs. 11. BADHAM PILE Co., Limited, Rampart-row, Bombay.

IF you are really in want of good servants apply at once to MOONSHEE & Co., General Merchants, Commission Agents, Estate and Loan Brokers, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Telephone No. 25.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, imported at regular intervals from Cairo direct by P. and O. Mail Steamer, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 2-12 per 100. J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

COOK'S STEAM LAUNCH runs to ELEPHANTA at frequent intervals. It has been specially fitted up for Picnics, and is available for private parties to Elephants, &c. Apply to THOS. COOK and SON.

C. JOST & Co., SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS.—Repairs to Theodolites, Sextants, Compasses, Barometers, &c., under Guarantee. First-class Testimonials from Princes, the Army, Railway and Steam Navigation Companies.

KNOWLEDGE of Drawing not necessary Lessons to Ladies in Lustre Paintings, Kartaline Canvasine, Crystoleum, Painted Lace, Porcelain Painting and Crewel Painting by a Diplomaed Lady. Terms at Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Byculla.

SURGEON-MAJOR A. S. G. JAYAKAR, Civil Surgeon, Muscat:—I have used BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE with success in some obstinate cases of Intermittent Fever, and have pleasure in recommending it as a safe and reliable remedy.

TO LET, with immediate possession, a very desirable commodious BUNGALOW, on Nepean Sea Road, to Malabar Hill, entirely open to the Westerly Sea-breeze. Rent moderate. Apply to FURDOONJEE MERWANJEE BANAJEE, No. 6, Horaby Row, Fort.

PRESENTS.—Our magnificent and varied assortment of Useful and Fanciful Articles in Silver, Electro and Gilt ware, from Rs. 5 to Rs. 1,000 is now on view. Inspection solicited. Latest Novelties in Artistic Gold and Silver Jewellery.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

MATERIALS for Crystoleum Lustre, Canvasine, Crewel Paints, Dresden Art Lustre, Velvet Photographs, Designs drawn to order. Also Photos sent to Crystoleum, Canvasine and Kartaline from size to enlarged size. Address by letter "ARTISTE," care of this Office.

REMARKABLE DISAPPEARANCE!!! Re. 1 paid either for Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture, at Dr. Batliwalla, Dadar, Bombay, or at Cooper, Madon and Co., Chemists, Fort, or at Dantra & Co., Tea Merchants, Church Gate Street, Fort. Will be returned if the Ague or Intermittent Malarious fever does not abate by its use!!

BALDWIN HIGH SCHOOLS, BANGALORE.—For Islanders and Day-Scholars of European descent of both sexes. Home comforts. Thoroughly Christian care. Climate unsurpassed in India. Board Rs. 25 per mensem. Tuition Rs. 3-2-6 according to Standard. For Prospectus and particulars address Rev. H. C. STUNTZ, Principal.

SUGGESTIONS regarding the new CODE of CIVIL PROCEDURE; by W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price, Re. 1; postage, 1 anna.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BUDGET, published every Tuesday, specially prepared for Indian subscribers with 8 pages Supplement of English news in addition to 80 pages of Indian matter. Rates, Rs. 12 per year for Indian subscribers, post free 1 and Rs. 17 including postage for the United Kingdom.

COLLECTION of LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, The Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Port Trust Act. Price Rs. 3 Stamp Rs. 4.

MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY,
FOR
1888.

Printed and published at the

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; with Postage, Rs. 5-4

THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1888 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the immense progress made by the city in recent years.

The new buildings, which have added in the course of the year just closed over sixteen lakhs to the value of the property on the books of the Municipal Corporation for assessment purposes, are in themselves striking evidence of the continuous growth of Bombay.

While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide now gives for the first time a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations.

The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press.

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P.M.
Extracts teeth under N. C. Gas.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW.
Opposite to P. W. Department.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

JOHN ROBERTS & CO.,
PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
HAVE received a Consignment of very best Ivory-Handled Sheffield Cutlery, with through Tang. These have been made specially to our order by one of the best Manufacturers and are offered at exceptionally low prices.
18, Marine Street, Bombay.

SCHIEDMAYER'S PIANOS.
CALCUTTA EXHIBITION,
THE HIGHEST AWARD FOR
SYMPATHETIC SQUARE PIANOS,
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY,
Sole Agents in India for the
SCHIEDMAYER PIANOFORTE FABRIK
STUTTGART.
THE only maker of that name, whose instruments obtained GOLD and TWO SILVER MEDALS with first-class Certificates, proving the superiority of their Pianos over all others exhibited.
We would caution intending purchasers not to confound the same with that of SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE.
See our Illustrated List free by post.
SOUNDY & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

SURGEON-BONE SETTER,
FAKIRJI RATANJI, L. M. & S.,
TREATS cases of accidents and injuries successfully, as well as according to the approved native system.
No. 71, Abdool Rahman Street.
(Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Street.)

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL."
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried.
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT" on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
* AGENTS WANTED.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES.
CAREFULLY adapted to correct all defect of vision.
LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPTHALMIC OPTICIANS.
(Opticians to the principal Ophthalmic Surgeons in India.)
Offices.—Old Bond Street London.
3 & 4 Hare Street Calcutta. Rampart Row Bombay.
MAJOR GENERAL SIR MICHAEL BIDDULPH, C. B., writes:—
I have much pleasure on leaving India to acknowledge the excellency of the Spectacles you have furnished me, and I shall always gladly recommend your Pebble Spectacles to my friends.
PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

AUTHORISED
BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list, with number of Stand, &c.
Complete and easy referen
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S ARE the only Pianofortes of that name that are so favourably and widely known in India for more than 30 years. Inferior instruments have recently been introduced under a name which closely resembles theirs Intending purchasers should therefore satisfy themselves that the name on the Piano they are getting is Schiedmayer and Soehne.
Gold Medals with HIGHEST Distinction at both the Antwerp and the London ("Inventions") Exhibitions, the only Firm of that NAME WHICH OBTAINED a Prize.
THE GRAND SQUARE PIANOFORTE, Cash Rs. 720.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 66.
Or 24 do. do. „ 36.
The Sympathetic Pianoforte, Cash Rs. 780.
Or 12 monthly instalments at Rs. 72.
Or 24 do. do. „ 38.
Zinc lined Packing Case, Rs. 25 extra. Delivered free at any Railway Station Bombay or Poona.
Address: MARCKS & Co., Limited,
Sole Agents for the Pianofortes of Messrs. SCHIEDMAYER and SOEHNE.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 3.

CONSOLS were again ⅛ lower in London yesterday at 102⅜. Reuter makes Silver unaltered at 44½d. per oz.; and Rupee Securities, of both denominations, were unchanged at £69½ and £73⅜, respectively. Indian Sterling Loan remained at 104½. Rentes were still quoted in Paris at 107¾.

According to the weekly Returns of the Bank of England issued in London yesterday, there had been no movement in the Reserve, which still stood at 46 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate was unaltered at 3 per cent.; and in the open discount market the terms of accommodation were unchanged.

The weekly shipments of Specie consisted of £20,000 in Gold, and £120,000 in at Silver all for this Port.

In the quotations for Eastern Exchange Banks the price of Mercantile is put back at £1, say to £19, per share.

The Wheat Market was still dull; but the quotations wired are the same as before. Linseed had become quiet, and we note a decline of 3d. per quarter in Calcutta seed to arrive *via* the Canal. Liverpool quality was also lower to the extent of 6d. per quarter by either route. Rapeseed was quiet, but unchanged in value.

The Cotton Market closed quiet in Liverpool last evening, the day's sales having aggregated 1,000 bales, including 1,000 bales Surats. There was no further change in the price of Mid-Uplands, still quoted at 5 9-16d.; and Surats were unaltered all round. American Arrivals, however, were 1-64d. lower for April to July deliveries, and 1-32d. down in the nearer positions. Manchester was quiet and unchanged. This morning the Liverpool Market opened steady; probable sale, 10,000 bales; Imports 3,000 bales.

The Receipts at the U. S. Ports yesterday were 16,000 bales, and as this is the second day during the present week on which the figures have been heavier than last year's, it is not surprising that quotations should come lower at 10⅜ cents for spot Cotton and 10·80 cents for June Futures. The Receipts for the three years up to date compare as follow:—

	1888	1887	1886
Thursday's Receipts..	16,000	15,000	23,000
Five days' do.	85,000	103,000	99,000
Since 1st Sept 1887	4,548,000	4,437,000	4,185,000

There has been hardly any business doing here to-day in Cotton. Buyers in view of the Telegraphic advices to hand this morning, and in the absence of support in the shape of practicable orders from the other side, have not been willing to go on at previous rates; and as dealers have not shown much disposition to give way in rates few transactions have resulted from the little enquiry which has been felt. "Good" Broach has been offering, for March delivery, at Rs. 231, and "Fine" at Rs. 238, but without business resulting. Prices generally may be called Re. 1 lower except in the case of Bengals, for which they are still Rs. 170 for Good; Rs. 175 for Fully Good; and Rs. 180 for "Fine." The reported purchases of ready Cotton consisted of a few hundred bales each of Bengals, at Rs. 175½; and Dhulia, at Rs. 192; and in forward business some Good Bhownuggur was contracted for for April delivery, at the full rate of Rs. 199, there having been some sellers at half a rupee less.

WHEAT.—A considerable business is reported today in Pessy, which has consequently advanced half an anna per cwt., being quoted this evening firm at Rs. 4-6-6, and Rs. 4-5-6 for the two qualities, respectively. Quotations for the new Crop are three pies per cwt. lower.

SEEDS.—A small business has been done in Linseed at our last quotation; but other descriptions are quite without life, though dealers make no change in quotations.

FREIGHTS are pretty steady at previous rates; but with little doing. Some business is reported to have been done for Marseilles, for next month, at 18s.; and we hear that cargo has been booked for Antwerp at 20s. for April, and 21s. for May and June. Business has been done for Odessa at 30s. at a par of Exchange.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton.....	9,283 bales.
Wheat.....	10,358 cwt.
Linseed.....	5,329 „
Rapeseed.....	709 „
Gingelly.....	11,134 „
Groundnuts.....	12,024 „

EXCHANGE.—There has been a decidedly steadier feeling in this market to-day, and at closing this evening rates show a general advance of 1-32d. upon yesterday's final quotations. A moderate business has been done at 1s. 4 15-16d. 2½ ready demand Bank Bills, and in Wire Transfers at 1s. 4 27-32d. for June, and 1-32d. less for July. 3 months' sight Credits have been placed at 1s. 5 1-16d. for delivery up to the 30th April, and 1s. 5 1-32d. for May. We quote ready:—

Bank Bills on demand.....	1s. 4 15-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic.....	1s. 4 29-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight.	1s. 5d.	„
Credits do.	1s. 5 1-16d.	„
Francs do.	1·80	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been quiet but steady at 98 3-16 for Fours for cash; forward rates being quoted about the same as yesterday, but with little enquiry. 4½ per cents. are nominally 104½.

SHARES.—There has been less life in this market to-day, and the only changes we have to note in Mill Scrip are an advance of Rs. 7½ in Khatao Mucconji; and of Rs. 5 each in Manockji Petit, Queen, and Western India; Mofussil Press Shares are up Rs. 5. Bombay Ice are Rs. 3 lower, Bank of Bombay Shares have declined Rs. 5.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash. Rates.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
INDIAN BANKS.					
Bank of Bombay	30,000	500	all	7 pct.	777½d
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	all	10 do.	890
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	14 do.	710
EXCHANGE BANK.					
Agra Bank	10,000	£	£	6 do.	120
Hong. and Shang. H. Corporation	80,000	100	all	17½ do.	£45
National Bank of India	27,320	$125		5 pct.	125
		360			

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R.' per cent. Stock	..	£100	—	—	£151½
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent	—	£100	—	—	£1

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire Insurance Co	500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 0	975
Empire Fire Insurance Co	200	5,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,060
Indian Fire Assurance Co	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,000
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Co	200	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	2,000

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	1,250	Rs. 54	1,275
Albert Ginning Co.	100	600	600	Rs.	625
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	875
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 30	240
Bellary	200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	250
Breul's Cawnpore F. Co., Ld	0	200	200	Rs. 16	110xd
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	125	125	Rs. 15	145
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,250	1,250	Rs. 600	625
Dhollera P. & G. Co.	0	200	200	12	95
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 133	1,250xd
English Press & Mfg. Co., Ld.	400	250	..	..	275
Fort Press Co.	100	8,500	8,500	Rs. 60	1,975
French Press Co.	200	600	600	Rs. 80	550xd
Harvey & Sabapathy Co., Ld.	450	600	500	Rs. 45	400
Khangaum Cotton Press Co.	240	450	all	Rs. 45	345
Manmar Mnfg. Co.	1,000	250	250	Rs. 10	207½
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 5	9
Mofussil Co.	2,125	400	400	Rs. 0	412½
New Barar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,200	500	500	Rs. 60	522½
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	90
Prince of W. Press	600	600	100	Rs. 3	295xd
Sabapathy Press Co., Ld., (Bellary.)	97	500	500	Rs. 0	440xd
Sind Press Co.	40	2,000	75	Rs. 50	460xd
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 12	1,300
Sassoon Press Co.	1,000	50	50	2	60
Volkart Press Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs.	585

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock Ashdown & Co Ld.	1,000 / 750	200 / 200	200 / 150	10 / 5 p ct	185 / 135
Badham Pile & Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 16	15½
Bapy Co., Ld.	525	..	125	Rs. 11	17
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	..	500	100	2-3p.	100
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	11 p.c	530
Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	15 p. ct.	185
Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Limited.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 2	30
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	1,500	Rs. 135	2,560
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	375	Rs. 332	640
Bombay Municipal Bonds	..	..	..	5 p.c.	95
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	500	„	520
Cooper, Madon & Co. Ld.	3,00	00	100	Rs. 10	70
Garner & Co., Ld.	600	100	40	..	41
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	10½
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25	..	10½
Kurrachee Lighterage Co., Ld.	800	250	200	..	190
Kemp & Co. Ld.	1,000	200	175	Rs. 28	336
Marsh & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	80xd
Napier Hotel Co.	20	100	100	13 p.ct	80
Napier Foundry and Mfg. Co.	1,800	100	100	..	101xd
Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	115
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	8 p. c	17
Pearce and Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	Rs. 1	40
Port Canning Co.	5,000	600	1,000	R 9	340
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	p.c	104
Soondy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	100	9 p.c.	85
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,200	25	25	Rs. 2	7½
Treacher & Co., Ld.	2,000	600	600	Rs. 100	1,310
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100	100	Rs. 15	200
Western India Flour Mills	200	125	125	nil	40
W. Mody & Co	1,000	200	90	p	155

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nurbudda, Captain W W Allen, cleared yesterday for Galle, in ballast.

THE s s Hartington, 1,353 tons, Captain W. H Hull, sailed yesterday for the Elephant Point, in ballast

THE steamer Burden Tower, 1,484 tons, Captain J Wilson, arrived in Bombay yesterday afternoon, laden with a cargo of railway materials for the Bengal-Nagpur Railway from Middlesborough (January 1).

THE B I S N Co's steamer Navarino, 2,189 tons, Captain L S Bergemann, arrived in port yesterday afternoon from London (Dec. 24), with a general cargo and the following passengers from Karachi:—Mr Filgate, Miss Alexander, two native officers and sixteen deck.

THE s s Pachumba, Captain J W Livingstone, sailed yesterday for Coast and Karachi, laden and with the following passengers:—Major and Mrs leBreton, Mr S B Thakur, Mr Stevenson, Mr Howison, Miss Isabel Gilder, Mr J P Lloyd, and Mr J H Lloyd, for Karachi; Mr Max Schutze and Mrs Kinneally, for Cutch Mandvie; and sixty-two deck for Coast and Karachi.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Arabia, Captain G Shepherd, arrived in Bombay yesterday morning from the Persian Gulf via Karachi, laden with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Colonel Nicholson, Mr R G Webb, Mr S R Salla Issaffe, two native gentlemen, a few military details for embarkation to England and distribution among local corps; and 14 passengers on deck.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steamer Sutlej, 2,143 tons, Commander W D G Worcester, arrived in Bombay harbour with the China and Australian mails, having left Shanghai on the 12th ultimo, and went into the dock shortly after. She called during her voyage at the usual ports *en route*, experiencing light monsoon and fine weather in the China seas and the Indian Ocean. She had fresh breeze while crossing the Gulf of Manaar, and light airs and calms up the Malabar Coast. She spoke at Colombo, H M S Tamur, on the 31st last. The following is the list of passengers:—For New Castle—Mr R C Passmore, Mr W Lewson, and 101 Chinese sailors, from Hongkong. For London—Misses Fleming and Hooke, from Hongkong. For Calcutta—Mr Seymour Baker, from Yokohama. For Bombay—Mr J B Davur, and Mr G A Clarke, from Hongkong; Dr Coward, Miss Coward and Mr J Elliott,—from Melbourne; Mr and Mrs Anderson, from Glenelg; Mr and Mrs Tong, Mr J A Wadia, Rev A Day, Mr Harrison and Mr Essabhai Curimbhai, from Colombo.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.

3RD FEBRUARY, 1888.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Orion	1933	P. Mattiazzi	A	J. Janni & Co.
„ Armenia	2218	G. Read	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
„ Ganges	2148	E. Stewart	C	P. & O. Co.
„ C. Murray	1372	E. Warfoile	E	F. Muir & Co.
„ Rockcliff	1496	J. L. Baxter	F	C. Eduljee.
„ Niagara	2044	J. M. Conochie	H	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Brookfield	1509	Reynolds	K	J. Mackintosh & Co.
„ Avlona	1279	J. A. Tait	L	Beyts, Craig & Co.
„ W. Hall	2240	J. Verelli	M	K. Bates & Co.
„ Wolviston	1133	W. Edwards	N	Cursetjee and Kdudjee.
„ Kt. Errant	2286	J. J. G. Mathews	O	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Europa	2132	R. [illegible]	P	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Ayoe	900	C. Clyhoe	..	Visram Ebrahim & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
3	Arabia (s)	Shepherd	Bussrah, Jan. 21
	Malwa (s)	Worcester	Singhai, Jan. 12
	Navarino (s)	Bergemann	London, Dec. 31
	Burden Tower (s)	Wilson	Middlesboro', Jan. 1

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
3	Navlas	Jessop	Port Natal.
	Pachumba (s)	[illegible]	Coast and Karachi.
	Calkay (s)	[illegible]	London.
	Hartington (s)	[illegible]	Elephant Point.
	Nurbudda (s)	Allen	Galle.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:
Steamer Swordsman, for Karachi.
„ Simla, for Coast and Calcutta.
„ Hindoo, for Coast and Karachi.
Schooner Africana, for Bassein, &c., &c.

CALCUTTA.
Jan. ARRIVAL.
30 Lalpoora s ..... 3 days ..... Bombay, Jan. 29.
DEPARTURE.
Jan. 30.—Ship Battle Abbey, and Barque Watchman.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 3rd February, 1888.
Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	30·005
Temperature of the Air	73·4
Wet Bulb Termometer	73·4
Dew Point	71·4
Relative humidity of Air	93
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	0·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 3 p.m.)	84·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	71·1
General Directions of Wind	NNE, S, SSW, SW, WSW, SSE, S.
Movement of wind in 24 hours	205

* From midnight to midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 31.

Wilford, Major, Bombay, 2nd Gloucester Regt, to take over command of depot, from Poona.

FEBRUARY, 2.

Wardrop, Colonel, Bombay, Judge Advocate Genl, on duty, from Poona.
Damania, Surgeon, Bombay, IMS, on station leave, from Poona.
Anderson, Lt, Bo, Comt Dept, on duty, from Mhow.

FEBRUARY, 3.

Jeffreys, Major and Bt Lt Col, Bengal, 1st Connaught Rangers, on leave, from Umballa.
Truman, Colonel, Bo, Comdt, at Deolali, on leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 25.

Forbes, Major, Bengal, Royal Warwick Regt, to rejoin, to Jubbalpore.

FEBRUARY, 3.

Walker, Lt Col, Bombay, Ordnance Officer, on inspection duty, to Kamptee.
Truman, Colonel, Bombay Comdt, Deolali, on leave, to London.
Jeffreys, Major and Bt Lt Col, Bengal, 1st Connaught Rangers, on leave, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut-Col. the Hon. L. H. Bayley, Commandant, B.V.R.C.

Bombay, 4th February, 1888.

1. THERE will be Commanding Officer's parade this day, Saturday, the 4th instant, at 5 p.m. Red uniform with helmets, arms and accoutrements to be worn. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, Parel Road, Grant Road, Girgaum, and Prince's Dock at 4-30 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid, and members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amounts on applying after parade to the Instructors. The following movements will be practised on parade, *viz*:—Sections 7, 8, 31, 32, 33, 34, (1234), 36, 38, manual firing and bayonet exercises.

2. There will be a Church Parade of the B. V. R. Corps on Sunday the 5th instant. Fall in front of the Gymkhana at 5-15 p.m. Red uniform with helmets and side arms to be worn. Members who are at the Tram Terminus at Colaba, 4-45 p.m. and Parel Road, Grant Road, Girgaum and Prince's Dock at 4-30 p.m., and those met on the way will have their fares paid, and members defraying their own fares will be refunded the amount on applying after parade to the Instructors.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

3. The Bombay Light Horse will attend the Church Parade on Sunday, the 5th inst. Fall in at the Elphinstone Gardens at 5.30 p.m., dress swords, bandoliers, and helmets to be worn.

4. There will be Riding school for the Troops this day, Saturday, at 7 a.m. Swords, military bridles, and head ropes to be worn.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. S. B. HODGKINSON, Capt. & Adjutant, Bombay Vol. R. Corps.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 4.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice SCOTT.)

Suit for hearing and final disposal.

Long Cause.

417-86—Payne, G. and S.—Haji Bakir valad Shaik Saheb Faki and others *vs* Shaik Abdool Gulfoor and others—Bomonji and H. Fort heard.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

DEATH.

BROWNE—December 21, at 47, Raglan Road, Dublin, Reginald Llewellyn, son of the late James Arthur Browne, Esq., J P D L, Browne Hall, Ba'la Co Mayo, Ireland, and nephew of Col Henry George Browne, V C, late of the 109th Regt, Prince of Wales' Royal Canadians.

BOMBAY.

DEATHS.

MEHTA—February 3, at Altamont Road, Cumballa Hill, Manekbai, the mother of Munchershah Sorabji Mehta. The funeral will take place at 5 o'clock this morning.

PAVRI—February 3, at Manockjee Sett's Wadi, of dyptheria, Ardeshir, dearly beloved second son of Mr. and Mrs. Jamshedjee Bejonjee Pavri, deeply regretted. Funeral this (Saturday) morning.

WACHA—February 3, at Mody Street, of tetanus, Manekbai, wife of Mr. Curzetji Edulji Wacha, and sister of Mr. Furdoonji Jamsetji of Hyderabad.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CLOUGH—January 29, at 9, Middleton Street, Calcutta, the wife of J H Clough, Assistant to Agent of the Bo n bay-Burmah Trading Corporation, Ld., of a daughter.

CRESSFIELD—January 21, at the Parsonage, Silchar, the wife of the Rev T Townley Crosfield, of a son.

HENDERSON—January 28, at Dacca, the wife of R S

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

GERMANY, AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The *Standard* states that Germany and Austria will before long make a joint representation to St. Petersburg, warning the Russian Government of the danger they are incurring of causing a rupture of the peace of Europe by their continued military preparations and the concentration of Russian troops on the Galician frontier.

A NEW RUSSIAN LOAN.

It is reported in Financial circles that Russia has almost concluded a loan with the Paris bankers for three hundred million roubles.

RUSSIA AND FRANCE.

PARIS, FEB. 3.

A noteworthy feature just now is the exchange of courtesies going on between Baron de Rohrenheim, Russian Ambassador at Paris, and M. Floquet.

This position of affairs is generally construed as indicating that the Czar has condoned the "Vive Pologne" incident, wishing to conciliate France.

LORD RIPON AND MR. MORLEY IN DUBLIN.

LONDON, FEB. 3.

The Freedom of the City of Dublin was conferred on Lord Ripon and Mr. John Morley yesterday afternoon.

In the evening a meeting was held, at which both Lord Ripon and Mr. Morley made speeches, and dwelt at length on the growing determination of England and Scotland to accede to the claims advanced by the Irish people.

The greatest enthusiasm was manifested on both occasions.

EARTHQUAKES IN ENGLAND AND SCOTLAND.

Rather severe shocks of earthquake were felt yesterday in the Northern Highlands, particularly in Inverness and also in Birmingham.

Several houses were considerably shaken.

OBITUARY.

[illegible] Black Howitt, Quakeress, poetess, and

GOVERNOR IN THE SOUTHERN MAHARATTA COUNTRY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, FEB. 2.

His Excellency Lord Reay and staff left Marmagoa in a special train on Wednesday at 7 a.m., arriving at Belgaum after 1 o'clock. They left shortly afterwards for Chinchli. Lady Reay left Marmagoa at noon for Bombay by steamer. His Excellency during his stay at Belgaum drove to the fort, and went through the principal streets of the town visiting the tomb of Mr. Manson, formerly Assistant Political Agent, who was killed during the mutiny. He also went to see the Church and some of the principal Mahomedan mosques.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CHINCHLI, FEB. 2.

The Governor to-day opened the local Horse and Cattle Show, and distributed the prizes. Forty thousand persons visited the exhibition. His Excellency returns to Bombay to-night.

A COLLISION AT SEA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 3.

The s.s. Africa collided with the British India steamer Booldana, both outward bound, below Atchepore, yesterday. Africa has had to put back, discharge her cargo, and go into dock.

NOTABILITIES FROM EUROPE.

Lady Victoria and the Hon. Basil Blackwood leave England to-morrow by the steamer Rohilla.

THE VICEROY AND THE NEPAULESE MINISTER.

The Viceroy returned the Nepaulese Minister's visit this afternoon in state.

COLLAPSE OF A BALCONY.

SIXTEEN LIVES LOST.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 3.

Sixteen lives have been lost by the collapse of a balcony at Delhi during the funeral ceremonies. Thirty persons were injured.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

The 10th Bombay Infantry have suffered so severely from weather at Loralai that they will be relieved by the 24th Bombay Infantry, whose place they will take at Quetta.

THE SUPREME LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB 3.

A full meeting of the Viceregal Council was held to-day. Lord Connemara occupied the seat, as the Viceroy had left. A number of other gentlemen were present.

Mr. Westland, in moving the Bill to provide for the Customs Duty on petroleum which he referred to the Select Committee consisting of Messrs. Scoble, Whiteside, Halliday and himself with instructions to report in a week, said that since the meeting of the last Council circumstances brought to his knowledge rendered this step necessary. Firstly there was a difficulty in the definition given to petroleum. The present definition covered illuminating oil and those used for the purpose of lubricating and preparing jute for manufacture, and as it was not intended the latter should be taxed, the word should be defined so as to exclude them.

Mr. Steel has also brought to notice that a duty per gallon was preferable *ad valorem*. To adopt this would mean a loss of a week's revenue, but it was very desirable that the proposals of the commercial community should be considered. He hoped to produce the Bill [illegible] week.

Sir Dinshaw Petit thought *ad valorem* duty free from objections as kerosine was used by the poorest classes, and if a duty of five per cent. was imposed it would not be a source of hardship as represented. The increase would be less than a pie per quart. There had been objections raised in some quarters against the increase of salt tax, but if the figures were gone into he would be sure that the increase was little felt by the masses. Referring to the fall in exchange he thought that Government should invite European and native merchants to give their opinion on the subject.

Mr. Steel said I take no objection to the principle involved in the taxation of imported petroleum. I would have preferred that the amount of duty should have been fixed at an anna per gallon which would have produced 20 lakhs, as it appears a doubtful policy to impose a tax that will yield but six and half lakhs. Even a higher duty in my opinion would not affect the consumer nor impede the development of the trade. While approving of the principle of the Bill I desire to suggest that it may be greatly improved by substituting a tax on measurement for *ad valorem*. A tax on the value will give rise to disputes in appraising the oil which will tend to discourage imports of purer quality and will encourage shipments of cheaper and more dangerous oils. The value of a case of petroleum consists of about equal proportions the cost of oil and that of tins and box in which it is packed. If oil be imported in tanks and landed in bulk such oil practically will be admitted on one half duty imposed than that landed in cases. I believe there is a probability that Russian oil will soon be imported in tanks. I am in a position to inform the Council that importers would prefer a duty of 4 annas a case of 8 Imperial gallons which would yield 10 lakhs revenue to 5 per cent. *ad valorem* which would yield six and a half lakhs. The honourable member has explained that immediate operation of law will not be limited or restrained by reservations of the Sea Customs Act which, if they had applied, would have permitted shipments cleared for Indian port before the passing of the Bill to have escaped free of duty. On this point I agree. In the case of the recent enchancement of the salt duty, the effect of section 37, chapter 6, of the Customs Act has certainly been to benefit individuals at the cost of the public revence. I should be glad to see a recurrence of such an anomaly prevented. I would prepared to support a modification of the law repealing the clause in question. I must express surprise and regret at the blame imputed to Government for enhancing the salt duty by an executive order. Speaking on behalf of the commercial community, I do not hesitate to say that any other course would have involved serious loss to the revenue, for which Government have been justly held responsible. This unfortunate proviso in the Sea Customs Act has put 10 lakhs into the pockets of individuals at the cost of the public. A fortnight's notice of your intention would have doubled the loss to the country. The writer in the press seems to be ignorant that Government possesses the statutory power to increase salt duty to any point within three rupees per maund without legislation—a power confined to salt. I have made enquiries as to the alleged loss which has fallen on owners of bonded salt in consequence of the imposition of enhanced duty. The great bulk of Liverpool salt on board is owned by a syndicate of native salt dealers. These gentlemen are owners of a much larger quantity of salt on the way which will escape at old duty. The immediate effects of the change has been to increase the value of floating salt by rupees 10 per ton and to depreciate that of bonded salt by rupees 3 per ton. On this balance the syndicate will be the gainer by a large sum. Bombay salt in dock yields a large profit to the owners, as duty was paid in Bombay at a lower rate at the time of shipment. I will now take advantage of the opportunity to make a few remarks on the suggested statement of the Finance Minister. The public will recognise that by the adoption of such an unusual course his Lordship's Government have shown in a most practical form the desire to obtain your measures the support of public opinion. On this we may found a hope that his Lordship's powerful advocacy may be given to that demand for a modification of the Council's Act, which has recently been expressed with unanimity unexampled in India. So far from agreeing with those who charge Government with extravagance I believe it is more open to criticism on the ground of penurious reluctance to incur the expenditure for the better administration. On the subject of military expenditure the public is not in a position to offer intelligent criticism. We have every reason to entrust his Lordship's military advisers with the fullest confidence.

Mr. Steel then referred to the means adopted by the Government towards the restoration of financial equilibrium. The intelligent Englishman is apt to regard comparative merits of direct and indirect taxation from his own standpoint. He knows that in his own country an income tax yields large revenue without trouble. He knows that if import duties are to provide an important share in British revenue they must be exacted on a scale which will curtail volume of imports; that restriction on imports would involve a diminished demand on English industrial products. When he turns attention to Indian finance he will have much to learn. He will find that the cost of collection of income tax is eight per cent. The tax is abnoxious to everybody, harasses those who pay, and those who should not be asked to pay personally consider the tax correct in theory. My experience in the past two years has increased my objection to it. On practical grounds the enquirer will find that indirect taxation produces a large revenue without complaint. I may be asked why I do not push my argument to a legitimate conclusion and advocate the reimposition of import duty on piece-goods. My reply must be that I do not see the use of discussing the matter outside the range of practical politics. Mr. Steel then took the hopeful view of the future and said that agriculture was flourishing, manufacturing interest prospering, trade growing and improving, and our debt, though large, is amply covered by State property. Burma will soon be peaceful and prosperous. The frontier defences will soon be in a satisfactory condition. His Lordship recently expressed a regret that he should have to add to the burdens of the people. His Lordship may yet have the pleasant task of remitting the taxation when the day comes. We are ready with the programme. I trust the court fees will be reduced and rice tax remitted. The abnoxious income tax should next go, after which I shall not complain if the Finance Minister hampers us with the salt duty.

Mr. Evans expressed his conviction that indirect taxation must ever be the mainstay of this country. He thought the time has arrived when the home authorities should take in hand the reforms. The Viceroy is powerless to deal with the home charges which were very heavy, and an immense strain was thrown upon the country by the short service system and constant movement of troops which was not justified by increase efficiency, it was rather the reverse.

Mr. Ameer Hossein said that the petroleum tax was unobjectionable. He felt bound to say that nothing was so unsuitable to the country as direct taxation.

Rajah Pearymohan Mookerjee spoke in favour of the new taxes and hoped that the Government would look at the possibility of raising the duty on iron and hardware.

Mr. Chesnesy expressed indebtedness to the Council.

Mr. Steel in his remarks demurred on the terms of the reckless reduction of the salt tax by the Government in 1882. The Viceroy congratulated the finance members on the generous manner in which his statement has been received by the Council. The views expressed by Messrs. Steel, Evans and the native members are a reflex of intelligent public opinion. News from our Minister from China does not predict any considerable change as regards opinion. With regard to Burma the charge will be a diminishing one. We are daily receiving increased proofs of the rapidity with which Upper Burma is settling down. The Emperor of China is extending his friendly support by closing everything in settlement of the border.

The motion was put and carried.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, FEB. 3.

The P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Coromandel, with outward English mails of the 27th January, left here for Bombay at 3 a.m. to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, FEB. 2.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macpherson arrived here from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, yesterday morning.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Macintosh left here for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo yesterday evening, out.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS

LONDON, FEB. 2.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed steady. Surats steady.

Good Fair Dhollera	4½

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

3 per cent. Consols for account	102⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	104½
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	69½
4½ per cent. do.	73⅜
4½ per cent. French Rentes	107½
Bar Silver	44⅛
Chartered Bank Shares	£24-0
Chartered Mercantile Shares	£19
Hongkong and Shanghai Shares	£53

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £21,400,000; increase, £100,000; public deposits, £5,300,000; increase, £600,000; other deposits, £25,200,000; increase, £700,000; other securities, £19,000,000; decrease, £300,000; notes and gold, £13,900,000; decrease, £200,000. The Bank's Reserve is 46 per cent. of the Liabilities.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY NIGHT, Feb. 2.

10 p.m.	75·4

FRIDAY, Feb. 3.

6 a.m.	72·3
10 a.m.	77·1
2 p.m.	80·4
4 p.m.	81·3

THE STATUE OF SIR COWASJEE JEHANGEER READYMONEY.

BOMBAY has not much to boast of in the way of statues. But those that we have are, for with but a few exceptions, shut out from the gaze of the public at large. The public spirit of our citizens has commemorated in marble the figures of a few warriors and statesmen, as well as of some of the wealthy natives whose philanthropy, wisely assisted by Government, has led to the establishment in this city of hospitals and dispensaries, and schools and colleges. "The storied urns and animated busts," of great and good men, serve a good purpose as exercising an ennobling influence over future generations; and they best fulfil their purpose by being placed in the most prominent positions possible. We in Bombay have some excellent statues of departed worthies; but they are, for the most part, standing in the north and south vestibules of the Town Hall, where, amidst "a dim religious light," they may be seen only by the curious. We have here the statues of Lord John Elphinstone, one of the pioneers of higher education in this presidency; of Sir Charles Forbes, whose name is still held by the natives in dear remembrance, Sir John Malcolm, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Sir Bartle Frere, and Mr. Jagonnath Sankersett. Two more excellent specimens of the sculptor's art are nestling amidst the trees of the garden opposite,—the statues of the Marquis Cornwallis and the Marquis Wellesley—which in their existing situations only attract the gaze of children and nurses, and a few idle loungers or servants who go there during the day to enjoy a quiet nap.

There is a project in the air for bringing some of these statues out of their quiet retreat, and we hear that the removal of the statue of Sir Cowasji Jehangeer from the University Hall, which he endowed with a donation of a lakh of rupees, to the open space in front of the building is but the first step in this direction. The University Gardens Committee are, it is said, willing to allow suitable plots in this garden for the reception of statues, and we think that no better place could be selected for grouping together the figures of some of our illustrious dead. If they are arranged there with taste, they would considerably add to the attractiveness of the garden, and at the same time draw the attention of every stranger who passes through this city. To Mr. Jehangeer Cowasji Jehangeer is due the credit of withdrawing the statue of his father from the comparative obscurity which it enjoyed in a corner of the University Hall, where it was scarcely noticed even by the brilliant assembly that gathered annually under its roof to witness the ceremony of granting degrees. It is now more than a year since Mr. Jehangeer first proposed to remove the statue of his late father into the garden at his own expense, and, after a good deal of correspondence had passed between various authorities, the sanction was eventually granted. The removal was carried out under the superintendence of Khan Bahadoor M. C. Murzban, Executive Engineer of the Presidency, and now the figure of one to whose munificence Bombay owes the University Hall and the Elphinstone College building stands in full public view between the hall and the University Library. The statue was erected by public subscription in the lifetime of Sir Cowasji as a memorial of his great liberality to the University of Bombay. In the year 1871 a deputation consisting of representative men of all classes of the community waited upon the Parsi Knight at his residence to inform him of their intention, and the public subscribed a sum of Rs. 25,000, which defrayed the cost of a fine statue by Woolner, the celebrated sculptor. The ceremony of unveiling the statue was performed in the absence of the Governor of the time, by the late Hon. James Gibbs. There can be no question that Sir Cowasji deserved this singular mark of honour bestowed upon him in his lifetime by his fellow-citizens, as he had, out of his total charities amounting to some twenty lakhs of rupees, presented to the University alone a sum of nearly four lakhs. Among the donations to the University of Bombay, this amount is equalled only by Mr. Premchand Roychand, who has endowed the noble library of the University and has built over it the tower which commemorates his mother's name. The inhabitants of this city are never lacking in sense of gratitude to their benefactors, and if ever they think of voting a statue to this prince of share brokers, the garden will, of course, be the best site for it. The benefactions of these gentlemen were made at a time when higher education, though it was progressing very fairly, had not spread among the natives of this presidency to such an extent as it has since, and their noble gifts must have given no little stimulus to the advancement of western culture. It is most gratifying to note that ever since the incorporation of the Bombay University in the year of the Mutiny, "for the better encouragement of her Majesty's subjects of all classes and denominations in the pursuit of a regular and liberal course of education," wealthy natives have, from time to time, given substantial tokens of their appreciation of the generous policy of the Government.

In addition to the public recognition of Sir Cowasjee's generosity, the Government nominated him a Companion of the Star of India, and in the following year the honour of a Knighthood of the United Kingdom of Great Britain was conferred upon him. As we have said above, Sir Cowasjee has given away altogether a sum of nearly four lakhs to the University of Bombay. But this amount does not at all represent the total of all his donations made in the cause of education. At a time when English education was in its infancy in Nowsari, the cathedral town of the Parsis in Gujerat, and the home of their priests, he gave a sum of Rs. 35,000 towards the funds of a school there which, owing to some extent to his timely beneficence, is now in a flourishing condition. He spent Rs. 18,000 on the purchase of books, coins, &c., which he presented to the Royal Asiatic Society and other similar institutions. A girls' school bearing his name is still doing good work in Khetwadi, and he gave Rs. 5,000 towards the Oriental Languages Fund of the Parsi Panchayet. The St. Xavier's Institution has some reason to be grateful to him for his donation of Rs. 5,000 for the college tower, and he has also contributed to the erection of Phanage School. We have confined ourselves in this brief review of Sir Cowasjee's charities, to the benefactions made by him for educational purposes. But they are sufficient to show that his liberality knew no distinction of caste or creed. Suffering as he himself did from terrible ailments, he was always keenly alive to the cry of pain and distress, from whatever quarter it came, and he was ever ready to alleviate suffering so far as it lay within his means to do so. On his death the Bombay Government did him the honour of issuing a *Government Gazette Extraordinary*, in which a public recognition was given of his munificent charities. The Government truly said that by his death they had lost a most loyal subject, India a generous benefactor, and Bombay one of its most upright and independent citizens. It was right and proper that the statue of such a man should not be allowed to remain hidden, as it were, from the public view, and it was undoubtedly this sense of filial piety that induced his son to bring about its removal to a place where everybody who chooses can have a look at it.

The weather forms an important consideration in the question of having statues in open places. We have already three such monuments situated about the Fort. The first of these is the fine equestrian statue of the Prince of Wales, presented, at a cost of £ 12,500, to the town by Sir Albert Sassoon, in commemoration of his Royal Highness's visit to India. Being of bronze, this monument is in no danger of suffering from the effects of sun or rain. Then there is the marble statue of her Majesty the Queen, the gift of the late Khanderao, Gaikwar of Baroda. Although there is a white canopy over the head of her Majesty, this lovely statue has to be protected for the four monsoon months of the year by an ugly covering of tarpaulin. The latest addition to our open air statues is that of Sir Richard Temple, and the way in which it was covered up during the last rainy season did not meet with general approval. The question, therefore, of how to protect open statues during the rains, without converting them into hideous eyesores, will have to be seriously considered, if the project of finding a place for our existing monuments in the open were to be carried out.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, JAN. 11.

THIS winter's exhibition of pictures at the Royal Academy, interesting as its predecessors in every way, has, what many will find, the added charm of being a varied collection of works from early in the fifteenth century to within a few years of the present time. English art is mostly represented by paintings of the time that the Grosvenor Gallery has chosen to exhibit; and I think, with all due deference to the organisers of both exhibitions, it would have been wiser in the interests of the public, whose mind gets easily muddled by conflicting ideas, if all works belonging to that century of art, 1737 to 1837, were on view at the same place.

* * *

The first room is devoted mostly to the English painters. "An old cottage," by the elder Crome, and lent by Antony Gibbs, Esq., is a charming picture of one of those high-roofed houses one comes across still in quiet corners of England, where the fashion of building after the manner of German toy bricks, decorative but shakey, has not yet penetrated. "Joan of Arc," by Alfred Stephens, is lent by Sir Frederick Leighton, a delicately painted half length of a girl holding a sword with both hands over her shoulder. The drawing of the face is very pure and refined, but the painting is almost colourless—at least monochrome. The portrait of W. Esdaile, Esq., by Sir David Wilkie, R. A., is a good example of likeness painting, but it has the fault which to me is most distressing—an aggressive looking background. There is an indifferently painted curtain pushing forward, and other details made more of than is pleasant. The present style of doing away with backgrounds, or at least rendering them as murky atmosphere, has its fault of being uninteresting in the extreme, but it has also the virtue of not intruding unduly on the spectator. Lord Leconfield contributes two beautiful Turners, "Evening" and "Narcissus and Echo." Evening is especially pleasant; there is the glow of the setting sun, and that sense of atmosphere which he was so successful in attaining. Turner's effects of haze and fog and sunlit air are so well known, and so greatly talked of now, that people have got into a most amusing way of admiring a sunset, a hazy distant view, a yellowish pinky fog, as so "Turneresque" as they call it, giving us the idea that cloud and mist and sunshine are all copies after "Turner," and not the inimitable originals that Turner, like all true painters, humbly admired. "Bird Catchers," by William Collins, lent by the Marquis of Lansdowne, represents a sunny view of flat summer fields, a streamlet, a cottage, and three boys engaged in the different ways of capturing their unsuspecting prey. A portrait by Sir Peter Lely, of Samuel Butler, is lent by Edward Draper, Esq., a fine head pleasantly coloured. Lord Tweedmouth contributes the portrait of Lady Raeburn painted by Sir Henry Raeburn, R. A. A handsome woman with her arms crossed. The face is fine, but the arms out of proportions large, and oh! shades of the deceased British school, why did you not take a little more trouble with the painting of your ladies' fingers? Besides the fingers being slightly dislocated, this poor Lady Raeburn suffers from the disadvantage of having a middle finger so long that it would easily reach from chin to eyebrow. There are many pitfalls in the path of art; one to be specially avoided is the anatomical, as nothing is so unpleasant as deformity real or painted. George Morland's works are contributed by Mr. Martin H. Colnaghi, H. B. Arnand, Major Corbet Winder, and Colonel Rosser, and are farm scenes mostly with a figure or two to lend additional interest to a picturesque bit of colour. The daughters of Colonel Cartaret Hardy, painted by Sir Thomas Lawrence, P. R. A., are graceful pretty girls in easy attitudes that are not too suggestive of standing for their portraits. Sir Joshua Reynold's painting of Sir William Hamilton, an ambassador to Naples and a member of the Society of Dilettanti, is lent by Sir William Anson. In the catalogue note we are told that in January 1785, Sir Joshua Reynolds, hearing from Miss Hamilton that her uncle had presented her with the picture, desired her to send it to him and he would renovate it with lasting colours. This was done, and in February 1785, Miss Hamilton saw the portrait in Sir Joshua's studio and describes it as "retouched, and made a very beautiful picture indeed." It is still as fresh in colour as when Miss Hamilton describes it over a hundred years ago, so there is every evidence that Sir Joshua had the command of the permanent colours, which are more difficult to be had in these days when science has given us a lot of fleeting though brilliant substitutes for the tints of the old painters. There are a great number of George Romney's beautiful women portraits, all more or less like his ideal Lady Hamilton, but not the less beautiful for that. Two interesting pictures by John Hoppner, R. A., lent by Mr. Henry Willett, are portraits of Lucius O'Burne, first Bishop, of Meath, 1796, and private secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and of his wife, a fine looking woman in a crimson velvet high-waisted dress of the period. There are two pictures of the Countess of Cork, second wife of Edmund the seventh Earl, painted by Sir Joshua Reynolds when she was the hon. Miss Monckton is lent by Edward P. Monckton, the other and more pleasant is by Henry Perronet Briggs, R. A., and lent by Viscount Galway. There are a few Hogarths, a couple of portraits, and a conversation piece. The Porteu family which, like that of the Wollaston family at the Grosvenor, represents a family party of gentlemen and ladies; The latter are mostly ugly and have a great resemblance to the women in the picture of the Wollaston.

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The second room is essentially Dutch, and contains some delightful specimens of the best work. "A milk woman" and "A Listener," by Nicholas Maes, are lent by the Duke of Wellington, and are charming in colour as well as perfect in the accuracy of the painting of the most trivial detail. The old woman counting out pennies for the milk which stands in a brown two-handled bowl, the girl with her can and the small child waiting with a jug to be served with a small quantity, are admirable pieces of realistic painting. "A man smoking," by David Teniers, is lent by Major Corbett-Winder. It is an interior with a man seated on a log with a large jug, a glass of beer, tobacco and a pipe; through an open doorway a party of men playing cards. A wedding party, by Jan Steen, is lent by the Duke of Wellington. Johannes Versprouck's portraits of Thomas Wyck and his wife, lent by David Seller, Esq., are very characteristic; careful in detail and delicately handled. There are two of Wouverman's, a battle scene and a landscape with figures; two of Gerard Dow's, "A Geographer" and "A girl with a lighted candle," both charming little things; one by Hobbana's, a watermill and a foreground with figures of men and women and clouded summer sky." By Rembrandt there are two portraits, and a landscape, representing a windmill on a low hill, a woman and children on the river bank, rich and deep in tone. "The laughing cavalier," by Habs, is a lively portrait of a jolly young Dutchman. Of Rubens, there are three examples—a decorative panel representing fruit and flowers borne by Cupids, a landscape and the great painting of the apotheosis of the Duke of Buckingham, which is a joint production of Rubens and Jordaens. There is something ludicrous in this idea of an apotheosis; the Duke seated on a brown horse is looking towards the spectator, as he prepares to make his ascent to the dwelling of the gods. "Fame" with a wreath and a number of other plump underclad allegorical personages are floating about near him. Below are Neptune and Amphitrite, painted by Jordaens; and in the background the sea with ships saluting the retreating duke. This George Villiers, first Duke of Buckingham, was a great favourite of James I. and a friend of Rubens in Paris in 1625, and was assassinated in 1628. "The alchymist," Teniers, lent by Lord Wantage, is another of the painter's interesting little interiors. There is a fine old fireplace in the background. Van Dyck's clever study of horses for the portrait of the Marquis of Moncada in the Louvre is lent by her Majesty the Queen. The portrait of a white horse, which was a present from Rubens to Van Dyck before he started on his journey to Italy, is lent by Mr. Gambier Parry, and the portraits of Sir Kenelm Digby, of Madame le Roy, and of Philippe le Roy, by Van Dyck, by Mr. Gladstone, and Sir Richard Wallace.

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The third gallery comprises a variety of paintings, old and new. "The confessor confessing," of Wilkie; the Marlborough family, by Reynolds; the portrait of Mr. Drummond, by Gainsborough; three girls, the painter's daughters, by Palma Vecchio; some figure pictures, by Velasquez; "The Baptism in the Jordan," by Salvator Rosa; a fine example of the school of Leonardo da Vinci, Murillo's marriage of the Virgin and St. Peter, by Spagnoletto, and Europa, by Claude, lent by the Queen. Lord Wantage has lent the beautiful Virgin and Child, by Murillo; the Earl of Darnley, a picture of Europa, by Titian, an ungraceful treatment of the subject, but valuable as the painter's work of course. A sketch for Titian's famous picture in the Escurial, Madrid, of the Last Supper, is lent by Lord Wantage. Holman Hunt contributes a St. Sebastian, by Velasquez; Lady Lindsay; "The Flight into Egypt," by Leandro Bassano; "The Virgin and Child," by Giorgione; and a landscape, by Gaspar Poussin. The death of Wolfe and the battle of La Hague, by Benjamin West, P.R.A., are lent by Edward P. Monckton; and a vast number of portraits, by Romney Lawrence, Gainsborough, and landscapes and still life too numerous to particularize are contributed by others.

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In the water-colour room, so called, there is a collection of sculpture bronzes, medals and plaquettes chiefly of the renascence period. Of the della Robia enamelled terra cotta there are some charming specimens, there is also a bust in unglazed terra cotta of Lorenzo de Medici, some bas reliefs of Donttello and the beautiful circular bas relief of the Virgin and Child and little St. John, by Michel Angelo Buonarotti. Luca della Robbia, who is said to have been the originator of the glaze which he used to give pottery the appearance and finish of marble, did not really invent it, as it is known to be the same as was used on the Hispano Moresque pottery and Majolica ware of earlier date, but with his nephew Andrea, whose works are numerously represented in the present exhibition. He founded the Botega or commercial establishment which has given us so many original works and copies of the best things from master-hands. Mr. Drury Fortnum exhibits a beautiful bas relief rounded—the Virgin and Child with adoring angels, which is supposed to be an early work of Luca della Robbia. W. Holman Hunt contributes another Virgin and Child with blue background and lilies by Andrea della Robbia. The Earl of Wemyss, Drury Fortnum, Mr. G. P. Boyce, and J. E. Bochin, R. A., each contribute reliefs in gesso duro of the Virgin and Child. Donatello's bas-relief of St. Cecilia, in slate, also lent by the Earl of Wemyss, is a lovely thing. It is little more than drawn or incised on the slab with all the purity and strength of a pen sketch. In cases about the room there are different interesting little objects, mostly in bronze, or in clay or wax, modelled for subsequent casting in bronze. In Mr. Drury Fortnum's case there is a medallion portrait in wax of Michel Angelo, the original model taken by Leone Leoni, his friend. Sir J. C. Robinson exhibits the original model of the Dead Christ in painted terra cotta, by Michel Angelo Buonarotti. There are some beautiful salt-cellars, ink-stands, etc, exhibited by Mr. Drury Fortnum, which might be profitably copied by our silversmiths instead of their own heavy ungraceful designs. Among the objects in the collection of Mr. George Salting I especially noticed two sphinxes terminating in an ornamental scroll, or, as I heard a lecturer once say, in a beautiful vegetable. Their wings met behind the head, and the whole composition was graceful as well as strong and well suited for supporting a weighty object.

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The cases of medals are well worth studying with a view to our improvement, especially after the *fasco* that was made of our Jubilee coinage which, as evidence to be handed down to posterity of our taste, our culture, and our artistic skill, are decidedly unsatisfactory. Looking at these five medals in comparison to our £5 gold piece with its diminutive ill-worked head I almost blush for my country's shame. To study works of the renascence is the surest way of discovering how much we lack in power and taste and skill, notwithstanding our many and immeasurable advantages.

* * *

"When doctors disagree": The expression, with its wondering query, "who shall decide?" is classic. The inference is, no doubt, that when those useful professional men, our medicos, disagree, the situation is portentous. Ah! but there is more than portentousness in a doctors' fight,—there is huge amusement. The *Times*, finding the Irish question beginning to pall, and even centenarian reminiscences tiresome, has taken up a *D. T.* idea of the extra-Parliamentary Session, and improved upon it. Sir Edwin Arnold is interesting a politically-sick public with (home-manufactured) correspondence on "Luck," a thing everybody believes in for every one else. Mr. Buckle is amusing a cynical universe which hitherto has believed in doctors, but now (thanks to the kind and too-true things the doctors are saying of one another) wish after throwing physic to the dogs to throw physicians to the lions. Two or three times a week Mr. Buckle gives up a whole page of his paper to readable and leaded type; on this page is to be seen a "merry mill" between Allopaths and Homœopaths with Lord Grimthorpe (aforetime Sir Edmund Beckett, yet more aforetime Mr. Beckett Denison) as Chief Challenger for the "infinitely littles." Lord Grimthorpe is, perhaps, the smartest controversialist alive at the present time. In his genial companionship—that is, if you are on his side or have no personal interest in the contest—all sense of time and discomfort are lost. I heard a man say yesterday morning he was so charmed and amused with the noble lord's letter in *The Times* of that day that he actually did not observe whether the weak-old fog was still with us! No writer in a newspaper since the Elder Walter fumbled with logography ever had so great a compliment paid him, for our spell of fog has been pierced with it. Probably, the most amusing feature of the fight and at the same time the most melancholy is the revelation (to laymen of faithful minds) that if Homœopaths are humbugs Allopaths are something worse than humbugs. The former claim what they cannot prove, but are admittedly sincere and are possibly self-deceived; the latter profess to prove they know all that needs to be known of medicine and of the human frame and all the time are aware that their ignorance is a vast profound. Here are a few of the dicta of medical science:—"We have to make our patients believe, when their minds are shaken by sickness and anxiety, that we can cure them; if they are curable at all nature will cure them, if we do not manage to prevent it." Again, "It is my conscientious opinion, founded on long observation and reflection, that there would be less sickness and mortality if there were not a single physician, apothecary, &c., in the world." They are eminent medical men who say this. What is a poor fellow—say one in my position—to do? I have been (or imagine I have been) overworked, and I want to lie by under a doctor's care for a little while; and here are these wretched men taking away all inducement for me to do so! I wish Mr. Buckle would stick to Mr. Parnell and leave medicine and medicals alone.

REFORMATION IN CASTE USAGES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Hindu community is no doubt aware that during the past two years there has been a strong and well-directed movement among the Kshatriya caste, commonly known as the Panchkalas, to control the extravagance, so common and ruinous among them, for marriage and other ceremonials. The movement began with lectures, essays and discussions on the subject. These were followed by the formation of a select committee, consisting of some of the aged and well-informed among the caste, to draw up a set of rules. The members of the community were also requested to forward their opinions on the question, which were duly considered by the committee. They then prepared draft rules, which were submitted for the consideration and approval of a meeting of their caste, specially convened for the purpose and held at Malad (Goregaon) on the 5th June last, where all the members of the caste were invited. The rules were there amended and adopted, and copies thereof formally sent to the local (Mankaria) heads of the different towns and villages for free distribution among the caste. After the rules were thus distributed, they were duly observed at the marriages and other ceremonials performed. But new a spirit of opposition has sprung up, which, if not abated in time, will destroy all hopes of reformation.

It has prominently been brought to notice of late that the Hindus dislike the idea of improvement initiated by foreigners. Is it not then incumbent on them to take the initiative themselves? We may even condone their neglect of this duty, but what may be said of those who, occupying good positions in society, set themselves to work in opposition to the quiet and ready reform set before them by their own body, and thereby deprive the whole community of the wholesome change that has been attempted to be wrought in their usages, after the toil and labours of the past two years.

The first instance of the persistent disregard of the rules occurred this morning, and be it said to the credit of those who toiled and moiled for the enactment of these reforms, that they made a good stand, and showed in an explicit manner their respect for the action of the community, and a determined attitude of dissatisfaction at the action of the host, by declining the hospitalities and turning their backs on the entertainment, which he gave in contravention of the rules adopted by the caste meeting. This moral [illegible] effect on future attempts to break the rules framed for the good of the whole community. I write this with a view that it may evoke some sound advice from influential quarters.—Yours, &c.,

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

Bombay, Feb. 27.

WHEN seventy-seven years have passed since a pianist made his début it is not astonishing if the world has well nigh forgotten him. News of the death in Paris of Henri Herz was received by this week's mail, and many persons were probably astonished that he had so long survived. As far back as 1811 Herz was a juvenile "prodigy," and at the age of eight he played some variations by Hummel at a concert at Coblenz. When only eight and-a-half he wrote his first pianoforte composition. In those days it was not unusual to bring a clever boy early before the public, and to teach him afterwards. Herz accordingly appeared at several concerts directed by his father, before, in 1816, he went to study under that distinguished teacher Louis Pradher at the Paris Conservatoire, and it was not till 1833 that he first came to London. His pianoforte method was avowedly based on that of Moscheles; but to the sore dismay of the conservative critics Herz's success was chiefly due to his brilliant playing of *ad captandum* pieces of his own, which the public accepted as an agreeable relief from the dry-as-dust style of J. B. Cramer, Hummel, and Cipriani Potter. Schumann satirised him severely, declaring, *a propos* of the "Huguenots" fantasia, "He is no musician who cannot appropriate the best and most admired things of others, spite of authors' and publishers' rights;" while Mendelssohn slyly asked whether Herz was "prejudiced when he said the Parisians could understand and appreciate nothing but variations." However, Herz earned much money, which he lost in a pianoforte business. A five years' tour in America gave him fresh capital, and he started again, eventually making the Herz piano factory, the most important in France, save only those of Erard and Pleyel-Wolff.

WE should probably soon hear of another gladiatorial encounter, Jem Smith having accepted J. L. Sullivan's challenge to fight for £1,000 a side.

THE GOVERNOR'S SOUTHERN TOUR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CASTLE ROCK, JAN. 31.

YESTERDAY his Excellency proceeded by special train to Gokak, where he inspected the Irrigation Works, and thence along a rough road he was conducted to the celebrated falls. Here breakfast was served, and his Excellency subsequently went over the mills which were in full operation, and which have recently been described by a correspondent in your columns. Returning his Excellency received a deputation from the local Association, when Mr. V. R. Natu, LL.B., read the following address:—

May it please your Excellency,—We, the members of the managing committee of the "Belgaum District Association," established for representing the wants and wishes of the district of Belgaum, crave permission to offer your Lordship and Lady Reay a most hearty and enthusiastic welcome to this city, and humbly beg that as the chief representative of the British Government in this part of India, your Lordship will be pleased to convey to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress of India, a sense of the deep and loyal devotion which all classes of the people in this part of the country, in common with their fellow-countrymen in other parts, feel towards her Majesty for the blessings which they enjoy under her benign and merciful rule. We crave your Lordship's permission to refer in the first place to a question of local importance. Your Excellency's predecessor had the kindness to introduce as an experiment into this district the system of the trial by jury. During the period of three years of trial the system can safely be said to have worked satisfactorily and on behalf of the people of this district we avail ourselves of this opportunity of requesting your Excellency to confer the boon permanently. The next matter of local importance to which we solicit your Excellency's attention is the completion of the S. M. Railway. The railway was planned by your Excellency's predecessor and has been completed under your Excellency's benign administration. By the opening of the

SIR STEUART BAYLEY ON DISCIPLINE IN SCHOOLS.

THE Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, presiding at the annual distribution of prizes at the Oriental Seminary, Calcutta, on Jan. 31, took occasion to say in the course of his speech that it was indeed satisfactory to find such cordial and respectful relations existing between pupils and teachers. He saw from the address of Mr. Cotton that one of the points of his speech was the wholesome advice to the pupils on the subject of obedience to teachers and self-respect. His Honour thought that no more worthy subject could have been chosen. There was a prevalent belief that the rising generation did not bestow the same respect on their elders as in former years. Whether it was a passing phenomenon or had another origin he would not inquire. He would only say that it was detrimental to the advancement of boys, who had no self-control and had no restraint on their habits of discipline, and this would certainly terminate as a fatal solvent to the stability of society. It was no wonder that a recent resolution of the Government of India dealt with the subject of discipline. His Honour would impress upon the well-wishers and promoters of such institutions the fact that the good that could be attained in this direction was by wholesome advice to pupils through the medium of the teachers. He saw before him many distinguished men who had been educated in that institution, and if they used their endeavours in elevating the general tone of discipline, he would be satisfied that his words were received well.

THE WINNINGS OF RACEHORSES.

IT may interest sportsmen to compare the amount of money won during the past year by the ten most successful racehorses in France, England, and the United States, and it will be seen that the gross totals do not differ so much as many people might expect :—

FRANCE.	
Tenebreuse	£11,800
Bavarde	6,800
Monarque	4,400
Brio	3,730
Maxico	3,580
Cambyse	2,940
Gouraay	2,800
Krakatoa	2,610
Pythagoras	2,560
Alger	2,470
Total	£43,690
ENGLAND.	
Reve d'Or	£10,590
Friar's Bals'm	8,660
Ayrshire	6,560
Carlton	6,370
Gloriation	5,770
Kilwarlin	5,090
Briar Root	4,720
M'y Hampt'n	4,521
Satiety	4,440
Seabreeze	4,120
Total	£60,810
UNITED STATES.	
Hanover	£17,950
Em. o fNorfolk	7,430
Kingfish	6,330
Los Angeles	4,490
Lagrard	4,370
Volante	4,020
Eurus	3,700
Kingston	3,620
Linden	3,250
The Bard	3,010
Total	£58,170

With the exception of Alger (a four-year-old), all the French winners were three-year-olds, while as many as half of the English winners (Friar's Balsam, Ayrshire, Briar Root, Satiety, and Seabreeze) were two-year-olds, and this marks very clearly the differences between the character of the racing in the two countries.

BRITISH PILGRIMS AT THE VATICAN.

AT nine o'clock on January 10, says a Rome correspondent, the Pope left his private apartments and entered the Throneroom, where fourteen Bishops, the Duke of Norfolk, and Lord Denbigh were assembled. The Pope seated himself in an armchair on the right of the Throne, and Mgr. Stoner began the presentations. Then a beautifully illuminated parchment, with an address written in Italian from the British pilgrims, was presented to his Holiness, accompanied by 16,000*l.* sent by the English Catholic Union. After this offering had been presented, the Pope made an informal speech. He remarked that it would be necessary to go very far back in history to find any event at all analogous to that taking place that day. Such a number of English Bishops had never before been assembled here. The Queen and the English Government had joined in the manifestations of Catholics. The Queen had shown marked honour [illegible] in return one [illegible] likewise [illegible] respect.

[illegible] which the [illegible] in the [illegible] profession of [illegible] have [illegible] acceded [illegible] charters [illegible] are [illegible] among [illegible] Pope [illegible] Lan[illegible] believe that her conservatism, [illegible] favourable to the development of [illegible] Therefore I take this occasion [illegible] English Bishops are assembled here, [illegible] counsel as to what I can do for the good [illegible] nation."

One of the Bishops observed [illegible] was well chosen, as a law with reference to public instruction was soon to be brought before Parliament. The Pope answered that he should like the Bishops before leaving Rome to draw up a definite project on the subject.

"I hope," he concluded, "that something may be done at a not far distant date, and I have already alluded to this subject in my letter to the Queen, whom I remember to have personally known, forty years ago, when she went to Belgium with Prince Albert."

The different Bishops were then presented to the Pope, and they all assured his Holiness that they were well satisfied with the liberty they enjoyed under the British Government. After the Bishops, 450 other British pilgrims were introduced, mostly ladies. At one o'clock the audience was over. At half-past one the Pope paid a short visit to the exhibition of the gifts presented by Belgium, Holland, and Asia, which is one of the most interesting sections.

THE RUSSIAN CARAVAN TEA TRADE.

THE Commissioner of Chinese Customs at Tientsin reporting on the trade of the past year, says that the trade in tea overland to Russia has increased by 40,567 piculs (one picul equal to 133lb.), or nearly half as much again as the year before ; while the quantity of brick tea carried by the same route increased 55,000 piculs. This remarkable growth of the overland tea trade was due to the unusual luxuriance of the Mongolian pastures, which, providing as they do the only sustenance for the enormous herds of dromedaries almost exclusively used as beasts of burden in these regions, exercise a very great influence on the prosperity of this branch of trade. It was owing to the failure of the grass crop in 1885 that the transport of tea by that route fell so low, great numbers of dromedaries having died of starvation. The uncertainty of the grass supply, and consequently of the means of transport, has led some Russian merchants to project a Decanville portable railway across the plains of Mongolia from Kalgan to Ourga. The motive power would still be supplied by camels, but, whereas 50,000 of these animals are now employed, it is calculated that 10,000 only would be required to do the same work on the railway, and that with these increased facilities the trade would in all probability be doubled. As in case of failure of the grass supply a sufficient quantity [illegible] the [illegible] would be gained of more certainty in the means of transport. The carriage of the tea over the mountainous district between Ourga and Kiachta would still be effected by camels. An alternative scheme is a railway from Stretinsk to Veringukunsk, on the Amoor. A fleet of 70 steamers is running on the Amoor, and goods can be conveyed from Veringukunsk to Kiachta by one of the affluents of the Selenga River. Russian steamers would convey the tea from Hankow to the Amoor. This route would be entirely under the control of Russia. It would bring the whole profits of the trade into Russian hands, and offer greater financial facilities. The southern route by Odessa is far cheaper, but it is found that the tea loses in flavour when conveyed in the hold of a ship through the hot southern seas, while the unpleasant taste of firing is removed by transit through the cold, dry climate of Mongolia and Siberia, and at the same time the tea, which is nightly unloaded from the camel's back and placed upon the snow-covered steppes, is found to acquire, from the light moisture it then absorbs, a delicacy of flavour obtainable in no other way, and it brings, in consequence, a much higher price in the Russian market.

SEVERAL thousand Chinese and Malays visit the port of London every year. It is therefore not surprising to learn—which we do from various quarters—that the practice of opium smoking at the East-end is increasing. When Charles Dickens called attention to the subject in "Edwin Drood," inquisitive persons found some difficulty in obtaining ocular evidence that the novelist had not drawn upon his imagination for his facts. Now there are seven opium dens within a short distance of one another, in which every night in the week numbers of Chinese may be seen both smoking and gambling. Some of these miserable creatures aver that they first contracted the pernicious habit in London ; and it is also a melancholy fact that in the same places of resort may be found many English women of the lowest class. It is not surprising that the attention of medical men, as well as of philanthropists, has been directed to the increasing prevalence of the vice in the neighbourhood of the docks ; and that medical journals have suggested that the State cannot afford altogether to ignore this state of things.

CURIOSITIES OF STATE ENTERPRISE IN RUSSIA.

STATE monopolies and State enterprises are not often very successful anywhere ; but if we wish to know where they succeed least, and where most money must waste in wrong channels, we must, according to a contributor to the *St James's Gazette*, look to Russia. Describing some of the Russian State failures, this writer says :—

NO VOUCHERS FOR FOUR MILLION ROUBLES.

The Russian Government, being well aware of this, took the precaution some time ago to despatch to the South-East a Board of Control, charged to watch over imperial interests. It now appears that down to the 1st of January, 1887, 12,000,000 roubles were returned as paid away by the Board ; but, on investigation into its accounts by an additional or Special Commission, it turns out that no documents or vouchers are forthcoming for 4,000,000 roubles out of this sum. These deficiencies have now become matters of public notoriety. The explanation or comment on them given by the Chief Comptroller of the Imperial Treasury is characteristic and curious. I quote from his report, published in the St. Petersburg *Vyedomosti*. "Payments to the amount of 4,000,000 roubles are not justified by documents ; but this is to be explained by the fact that the accounts rendered are ungrammatically expressed." Grammar has been an important science for many centuries ; but it certainly serves a new purpose on this occasion.

SHORT-LIVED TRANSPORT ANIMALS.

Other revelations are being made in connection with "the transport" for the Transcaspian Railway. This was a special service, organized to convey timber, rails, sleepers, etc., over the long distances and remote country operated on. It now appears that camels, horses, etc., needed for "the transport" were bought without the knowledge or orders of the Board of Control, the latter being merely informed that so many camels and horses had been bought at such-and-such a price. Large sums were spent in this way ; for though the animals were natives of the country and accustomed to the climate, the mortality among them was wonderful. The Board seldom saw them in the flesh ; there were no veterinary surgeons to give certificates of death ; and their carcasses, which should have been numerous, had a way of disappearing altogether. These animals, so unhappily cut off in their prime, cost the Government no less than 97,000 roubles.

A COSTLY BRIDGE.

The bridge thrown over the Tedjen is another expensive item ; but at least there is something to show for it. The Tedjen is a river which takes its source in the mountains and loses itself in the Kirghiz steppes. It was at first decided to throw a wooden bridge over that part of the river which has a width of 350 ft. The banks of the Tedjen, it should be remarked, are low, and the soil is composed in some parts of loam, in others of sand ; while the depth of the river is variable, owing to frequent sand-drifts. No sooner was the wooden bridge constructed than it leaned over on one side, and then gave way bodily. An iron bridge was then ordered. It is difficult to say what faults were discovered in it when it arrived. Some defects it must have had : for in the end a compromise was come to, according to which one-third of the bridge was to be of iron and the remaining two-thirds of wood. The Board of Control speaks very apologetically of this bridge, and the engineers themselves seem to have as much dislike for it as doctors are supposed to entertain for their own draughts and pills. It appears that the engineers invariably take care to leave the train before it crosses the bridge on which £21,190 were expended.

A GLOVER TURNED ENGINEER.

One of the most amusing episodes in the history of this undertaking is the story of the endeavour to provide fresh water, the want of which was severely felt, especially in the summer months. It was resolved to bore six Artesian wells, and the contract was given to a German, who undertook to do the work for 30,000 roubles. As soon as the contract was signed the Teuton asked for an advance of 8,000 roubles, which was given to him. He shortly after asked for 7,000 more in order to provide the necessary engines, implements, etc. ; and this sum was likewise granted with the approval of the Board of Control ; which, having thus treated bread upon the waters, waited patiently for results. By-and-by the German again came forward with a request for 3,000 roubles to take him to the interior of Russia, there to obtain the services of a professional engineer. Having been himself a glover all his life, he had, he confessed, little hope of being able to bore Artesian wells without professional aid.

CASTING ABOUT FOR A RAILWAY TERMINUS.

The greatest difficulty of all was experienced in deciding upon the extreme point to which the railroad should run. In this matter the Government or its advisers eschewed all *a priori* theories, employing exclusively the experimental method. Thus, first of all, the Bay of Mikhailoffsk was selected on account of certain solid advantages which it was supposed to offer. It was alleged to have a minimum depth of 19 ft. ; besides, it was confidently declared to be free from ice all the year round. A station was consequently constructed there with all the latest improvements, at a cost of over half a million roubles. Nature is perhaps erratic in that part of the world ; for in a year and a half it became evident that the Bay of Mikhailoffsk is frozen over for about three weeks of every year, that it is very shallow, and wholly devoid of the advantages for which it was chosen. Faithful to the experimental method, the Creek of Uzun Ada was at once fixed upon for the terminal station. It was decided to a cost of 600,000 roubles, and another grand railway station begun. Moreover, to obviate the scarcity of fresh water, pipes were laid between the station site and the Bay of Mikhailoffsk, a distance of twenty-five versts. But water refuses to run through them, and there they lie "as dry as summer dust." It now turns out that Uzun Ada is likewise unfitted for the terminus of the Transcaspian Railway ; because, among other reasons, the bay is frozen over every winter, and mail and goods can very well only be unloaded at the station of Mula Kara, and then conveyed on camels' backs over the steppe to Krasnovodsk—i.e., a distance of 100 versts. For these reasons Krasnovodsk is about to be made the extreme point of the railway, as the water here is never frozen over and is deeper than at Uzun Ada.

BOOK-KEEPING EXTRAORDINARY.

The Commission sent by the Government to audit the accounts and report upon the works has made many discoveries in the sphere of book-keeping—such as the absence of all trace of valuable materials which, according to the books, were bought and paid for. The following episode is typical of the entire enterprise. In Chardjui a superintendent of the Board of Control took a fancy to alight from the train and to complete his journey by carriage-road, the distance being about five miles. For this purpose he hired horses at an expense of £7 10*s.*, and paid £3 10*s.* for refreshments and £4 for sundries. Thus matters are arranged in Russia under a reformed system. If the history of the construction of the Transcaspian Railway does not encourage the Minister of Finance to transfer the exploitation of the natural riches of the country to Government hands, assuredly nothing else will. But the suggestion for further enterprises under Government control is being pressed.

A GIGANTIC STATE ENTERPRISE.

Of all the plans and projects to which the Russian Minister of Finance has lent an ear, the most gigantic is under the consideration of the Imperial Council now. Like most financial measures of the past few months, it is meant to kill several birds with one stone. Unlike most of the others, however, it is simplicity itself. The Government is to take into its own hands and monopolize all the natural productions of the country without exception, beginning with the salt-mines of Bakhut and terminating with the naphtha-springs of Baku. "Foreigners," says the project, "are spread all over Russia like a net. Englishmen and Frenchmen exploit our woods on the Petchora and in the Caucasus ; and the foreigners Rothschild and Nobel have firmly established themselves on the peninsula of Apsheron and are filling their pockets with Russia money. Once the Government monopolizes all the natural riches of the country, it will become unnecessary to put a tax upon matches, salt, candles, and agricultural machines." Perhaps so ; if, as is taken for granted, the Government operations prove a financial success.

THE PUNJAB UNIVERSITY SCANDALS.

THE Commission of Inquiry into the Punjab University Scandals resumed its sittings at 10-30 on January 21. The proceedings this day [illegible], of Mr. Egerton and of Maulvi Abdul Khalik.

Mr. Egerton showed currency vouchers and traced two sums of Rs. 1,000 each, which Ramsurndas had exchanged in the currency office on the 14th January 1887 and the 7th February 1887 respectively, the first for coin, the second for small notes. He could not trace a Calcutta Circle note for Rs. 500. He was asked to search further for the notes referred to in the Hoshiarpur case as detailed by Goojur Mal.

Examined by Mr. Larpent, witness said he had known Mr. Larpent since 1878, and knew nothing dishonourable or dishonest in his conduct at any time. He believed he was pecuniarily embarrassed, but could not say whether his circumstances had been easier lately. In Lahore witness knew Hurnamdas, who was no special favourite of Mr. Larpent, but had been reprimanded and made to go on furlough for not carrying out an order to deduct money under prohibitory order from Mr. Larpent's pay and other matters.

Partab Singh, brother of Ramsurndas, confirmed his brother in the same particulars. He proved the promissory note for Rs. 1,000 and denied having lent Mr. Larpent money at any time. He also visited Mr. Larpent about a pro-note written, and on other occasions made demands for payment. Mr. Larpent paid a note for Rs. 100 before giving the pro-note. He saw other persons at Mr. Larpent's on the same errand.

Abdul Khalik proved borrowing Rs. 1,600 from Mubar Chand of Hoshiarpur with Sandhe Khan, father of Pirbuksh, in November 1886, thus confirming Goojurmal and Mehar Chand.

The prosecutor then read Mr. Larpent's signed statement to the Vice-Chancellor, dated 25th May 1887, in this charge of Ramsurndas, and put in Mr. Larpent's written defence to the charges submitted to the Government. The case was then adjourned.

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THE TOMBS OF THE BONAPARTES.

A CORRESPONDENT of the *Daily News*, who witnessed the removal of the bodies of the Emperor of the French and the Prince Imperial to Farnborough, gives the following account of the ceremonial :—

ENGLISH BIGOTRY.

Kindly memories of the Napoleons survive—will long survive in Chislehurst. I talked about them with the people whom I met, or overtook on my way across the common to St. Mary's Church. "The old Emperor" (a very common expression in the village) must have been personally much liked. "He knew everybody," had "a nod and a smile" for everybody, was fond of chatting with the railway folk, the cabmen, the labourers, was always ready with his subscription to every charitable purpose, whether Anglican, or Nonconformist, or of no particular creed at all. "He must have been more tolerant of your religious differences than you of his," I observed ; and this elicited from my friends many an expression of indignant, sorrowful regret, that, by reason of the wretched bigotry which refused to sell a few yards of land "to a Papist," the bereaved mother and wife was forced to seek elsewhere a resting place for her dead. "Our worst meannesses cannot deprive us of the dignity of that pity which is due to human nature standing by the brink of an open grave." So writes the author of "John Inglesant"; but there are exceptions. The Prince Imperial must have been a favourite with the Chislehurst people. They speak of his boyish fun and frolic in his school days, when he used to come up with a class fellow or two from Woolwich, seven miles off. The stateliness of the ex-Empress was the quality in her which impressed them most. "She visits Chislehurst sometimes (but, as one man expressed it, 'She comes and goes as quietly as a shadow') to pass a few moments beside the coffins of the Prince and his father." During many years—15 in the ex-Emperor's case and nine in that of the son's—Chislehurst has been a place of pilgrimage for Frenchmen, not all of them Bonapartists. So large, indeed, has this pilgrimage been (in the summer months especially) that, as I am assured by the tradespeople, the removal of the remains will be a pecuniary loss to the place.

A MOURNFUL PROCESSION.

At eight o'clock Mass on Monday morning, in the little chapel of St. Mary, not twenty persons were present. The service had only an incidental reference to the ceremonial of the day—the removal of the bodies to Farnborough. But at the close of the "office" of Mass, the officiating priest, Monsignor Goddard, knelt before the spot where his former pupil, the Prince Imperial, lay, and the Emperor, and there he recited the prayers for the dead. The two coffins were in the sacristy, on the south side of the chapel ; but they were concealed from view by a covering of black suspended behind the grated door. It was about half-past ten o'clock when the coffins were taken out of the sacristy, and placed on trestles in the middle of the nave. M. Pietri (the Empress's secretary) and the Marquess de Bassano, son of the aged Duke, and Monsignor Goddard were the only persons present who represented the ex-Empress. M. Pietri brought with him, from the ex-Empress, two splendid wreaths of flowers, one of which he placed on each coffin. At last the military escort arrived, consisting of a number of men from the A Battery A Brigade of the Royal Artillery. Monsignor Goddard, attended by three acolytes bearing the cross and the holy water, led the procession out of the church to the solemn strains of the Dead March. The coffins, borne shoulder high by troopers, were deposited on the two gun carriages. Behind came the Marquess de Bassano and other mourners and carriages. The road from the chapel to the railway station is about a mile long, and was lined almost all the way by sightseers, who uncovered reverently as the mournful procession passed slowly and silently. And now one understood the use of the candles in "S. E. R, 192." After the coffins were placed on the bier, which, as I have said, extended nearly the whole length of the covered carriage, Monsignor Goddard and one or two more, entered, the door was closed upon them, and there they remained with the dead until the train reached Farnborough. It left Chislehurst at a quarter to twelve and reached Farnborough a few minutes after one o'clock, going round by Waterloo, through the din and the roar and the indifference of London. Political refugee, President of the Republic, Emperor of the French, "Man of Sedan" ("Were you at Sedan?" he muttered in his death stupor), and beside him, the hope of the Napoleons, an exile like himself, slain in fighting under a foreign flag. Father and son, thus brought together again, after all their strange career, in this "covered carriage van" numbered '192," and mighty London knowing nothing, caring nothing.

THE MAUSOLEUM OF THE BONAPARTES.

Distant five minutes' walk from Farnborough Station, the mausoleum of the Bonapartes overlooks a wide space of the fields and the wooded hills of Surrey. On the hill right opposite, and in a red brick mansion, almost wholly hidden among the trees, abides a lady whose life is to the past. She is the ex-Empress of the French. From the window above the fir trees she might have caught glimpses of the procession winding upwards to the mausoleum. There were comparatively few people on the spot. What with the blue sky, bright sun, and warm air, and spectators well dressed, a stranger might have thought it was holiday time. With this exquisitely-finished chapel and fine crypt, the mausoleum must be one of the finest buildings of the kind in existence. Close beside it is the residence of the White Monks, who are regularly employed in the chapel. Their simple, quaint, spicy, taste, and absolute want of pose for this unavailing memory of the dead, has been done by this solitary lady, who "lives in the past." Through the crowded village street, up the winding path, in the shadow of the fir trees passed the silent procession. The Emperor's coffin, covered with the tricolour comes first, on its gun carriage, preceded by eight mounted men of the Royal Horse Artillery, with their drawn swords flashing in the light. His son's coffin is escorted and carried in the same way. The White Monks, with Father Ambrose at their head, meeting them before the main entrance of the Mausoleum, chant the *Miserere*. After a halt of a minute or two the procession passes on round by the north side of the building, the monks leading, and chanting mournfully. At the crypt door, the tricolours are removed, showing where the velvet on the Emperor's coffin has decayed after so many years' exposure to the damp. The coffins are lifted on the artillerymen's shoulders, and disappear downwards into the vault. This vault, as I have said, is a fine piece of work. At its upper end is an altar and crucifix, and on the altar steps stands the monks and priests chanting the service of the dead, while the two coffins are placed in front of them. On one side of the crypt, close to the wall stands the granite sarcophagus of the Emperor. The Prince Imperial's occupies the corresponding spot on the opposite wall. "Napoleon III., R.I.P." is the simple inscription on the first of the two. The inscription on the Prince's gives the year and place of his birth and of his death ; and on a tablet fixed in the wall, right over the sarcophagus, is this inscription also : "Au Prince Imperial Louis Eugene Napoleon, mort au champs d'honneur le 1er Juin, 1879." First, the Emperor's coffin was removed to its resting-place, twelve men of the ex-Empress's household standing on the edge of the sarcophagus to let the coffin down gently by means of white bands. The Prince's coffin is lowered in the same way. Each priest, in his turn, and four or five ladies of the household, together with a number of gentleman—all in their turn—cross over, first to one side and then to the other, to sprinkle the coffins with holy water. These last rites occupy an hour, after which the dead are left in their long rest, and the living go their respective ways.

A ROMANTIC STORY.

THE *Freeman's Journal* is responsible for the following story :—

There reside in a fashionable part of Rathmines, Dublin, a family consisting of a mother, who is a widow, two or three sons, and three young ladies, sisters—at all events they were supposed to be so. The family were held in the highest respect, and until an incident, we are about to relate, occurred their household was undisturbed by any out-of-the-way occurrence. Two of the young ladies were prepossessing in appearance, and gifted with many accomplishments. The third—the eldest, we believe—was not devoid of good looks either, and possessed a certain amount of musical culture which was displayed effectively at numerous reunions, parties, and evening assemblies about the neighbourhood. She also developed a remarkable [illegible] for the practice of entertainment, and was admired everywhere for her good looks and accomplishments. She was an admirable tennis-player and was altogether an agreeable figure in the set in which she moved. About a couple of months ago it was announced that she was about to proceed to London to complete her studies in the South Kensington School of Art, and naturally the move caused some interest among her acquaintances. She came back at Christmas, and many ladies who were acquainted with the family called at their house to see her. What was the astonishment of the visitors when the mother calmly announced that her "daughter" was a boy ; and then the quondam Miss—entered the room dressed in masculine attire, having completely abandoned the character which she or he (as we must now call him) had been so long assuming of a girl. The incident gave rise to great perturbation among the acquaintances of the family, and, as a result, no little unpleasantness has occurred. Those who knew the young gentleman as Miss—are extremely astonished at the turn affairs have taken. They find it hard to believe that such a deception could have gone on for years without any suspicion of the real circumstances being entertained. The young man has been regarded as a girl from his infancy. He went to school as a girl, entered society as a girl, dressed as a girl, behaved as a girl ; so that the sudden announcement of his true position in society has naturally caused some commotion among the acquaintances of the young man.

THE fall in the value of magnesium, which used to fetch twelve shillings, and is now to be bought for half-a-crown an ounce, is exercising an influence upon practical photography which the practisers of that art till lately little foresaw. Experiments upon the adaptability of the magnesium light, originally a mere toy and amusement, to the purposes of illumination for portraiture are stated to have been eminently successful. Under the "flash light" which it produces sitters are taken so absolutely instantaneously that there is, it is said, no time to move till the exposure is over. Dr. Piffard has lately called attention to the fact that the best "flash light" for photographic purposes is obtained by applying a light to magnesium dust sprinkled on gun-cotton.

ITALIAN INVASION OF A FRENCH CONSULATE.

A RECENT telegram mentioned briefly the seizure of papers by the Italian authorities at the French Consulate at Florence. The home papers give the following details of the incident :—

RANSACKING DESKS AND PRESSES.

It will be recollected that some time ago General Hussein Pacha did at Florence, leaving by will his whole fortune to the Bey of Tunis. When the news of his death and will was bruited, one El Melisch, a Tunisian, went to the French Consulate at Florence, and asked for Hussein's papers. The consul refused to give them up, saying that the power of attorney did not seem to him valid. He telegraphed for instructions to the Quai d'Orsay, and for information to the Resident at Tunis. Shortly afterwards El Melisch went to a justice of the peace for a writ to enable him to seize the papers. At this juncture the Consul was away. Strong in his writ, El Melisch, with an escort of Carbineers, entered the Consulate, and using force, ransacked the desks and presses, not sparing the archives, in search of the Hussein papers, which the Tunisian got hold of and carried off. When the Consul returned he took evidence to prove the violation, and at once reported it at the Quai d'Orsay and to the Comte de Mouy at Rome. He also brought the matter before the Consular body, which, under the chairmanship of their senior member, the British Consul, joined in protesting against the invasion of the French Consulate. The idea is entertained by many here that El Melisch was really set on by Italians or at any rate enemies of France, to get hold of papers throwing more than a side light on the political and diplomatic intrigues of which Tunis is the object.

WHO IS TO BLAME.

It must be confessed that the Florentine incident looks rather ugly. Signor Crispi seems to think that it will be enough to say that the act of the Florentine magistrate was not done in a sufficiently civil form, and disgrace him without giving satisfaction on other points which in the treatment of the affair have been raised by the Italian authorities themselves. At first the line followed when the complaint was made was this. Signor Crispi was very sorry, and without admitting that the Florentine magistrate had conducted himself in a way that international law did not quite justify, said that at any rate he should have observed all the rules of politeness when he met with opposition at the French Consul's, and have referred at once for further instructions to his superiors. The difficulty of the Italian Government, it was incidentally hinted, is the independent habits of the local authorities in cities which not very long ago were capitals. They do not always realise the fact that there is a central Italian authority. Signor Crispi lost no time in referring the matters to the Italian Minister of Justice. The Procurator-General of Florence held that both the French Consul and the magistrate were wrong, but in different ways, and that the former was the most wrong of the two so that if the error of the magistrate were set off against that of the Consul there would still be a balance in favour of Italy. He reduced the whole matter to three questions. Had the Consul a right, without breaking through existing regulations, to act as administrator of a heritage consisting of personal property without notifying to the Italian judiciary his intention to do so ? Had the Italian justice of the peace a right to burst into the French Consulate and seize the papers of the defunct on the ground that, not belonging to the archives there, they had no privileged quality ? Finally, did the said magistrate fall short in the respect due to the Consul and treat him with a rudeness which was in itself a breach of international courtesy ?

TUSCAN PRECEDENTS.

On the first point the Procurator-General of Florence holds the French Consul to have been distinctly wrong in not making a notification as to the seizure of the papers. It was justified by Tuscan precedents. The archives and effects of the Consulate and Consul are alone protected when the Consul is a mere business agent of his Government, and not invested with any special diplomatic quality. As to want of proper respect to the Consul, the Procurator admits that the magistrate who made the seizure was an offending party. It is only on this score, and to show its desire to act in a neighbourly way, that the Government of Italy is prepared to give satisfaction. General Menabrea has had an interview with the Queen. She was so pleasantly talked to that he said he would leave the question of satisfaction to Signor Crispi. It was a disagreeable surprise to him to be told in reply that the magistrate would be censured and dismissed, and then that the whole affair would be regarded as never having taken place. The Foreign Minister of the Republic has reserved the other two points, and refuses to accept the Florentine doctrine as to the rights of the Tuscan authorities to invade Consulates with bailiffs at their heels, and seize property, one of which the Consul claims to be the administrator.

SUNSTROKE GIVEN BY ELECTRICITY

IN one of his popular, but sufficiently accurate, weekly scientific retrospects in the *Journal des Debats*, M. Henri de Parville gives an account of some extraordinary medical observations on electric sunstroke collected at the famous French foundry, Creuzot, by the medical officer-in-chief there, Dr. Defontaine, and communicated by him to the Surgical Society in Paris. Ordinary sunstroke is well known. But there is another kind of sunstroke which is the strangest yet known. Dr. Defontaine, in his character of head physician of Creuzot, has been called upon to examine its effects. It is already known that electricity is employed in the form of an intense fire (*foyer*) to melt certain minerals, and especially to melt and solder metals. This, of course, placed in the electric arc is fused as if by magic. It happens that spectators standing at a distance of (say) ten yards feel no heat ; but presently they become conscious of some kind of fever. They have a headache, a red face, a burning hand, but I have a sense of being burnt which recalls the sunstroke I had last summer." Therefore he stood off, but not before he had, in fact, experienced something like a second sunstroke. It almost always happens that, after an hour or two, persons witnessing the experiments feel a burning sensation, with more or less pain, in the neck, face, and forehead, and their skin at the same time assumes a coppery-red tint. It is customary to protect spectators' eyes with blackened sun-glasses, yet their retina is affected to such an extent that blindness supervenes in broad daylight for several minutes, and for nearly an hour all objects are seen in deep saffron colour. There is irritation of the conjunctiva ; and the congestion lasts forty-eight hours at least, accompanied by a sense of gritty particles inside the eyelids. The lachrymal glands suffer excessive stimulation, and tears flow. Other symptoms are headache and sleeplessness. Afterwards the skin of the face, gradually peels off in broad flakes when the complexion is left of a fine brick colour.

FASHIONABLE MARRIAGE.

THE marriage of Captain Walter Chicheley Plowden, 5th Bengal Cavalry, son of the late Mr. George Chicheley Plowden, Bengal Civil Service, with Magda Anita, second daughter of Mr Jonann Hermann Becker, of Dunraven, Anerley, was solemnised at the Holy Trinity Church, Anerley, on the afternoon of Jan. 7. A great many relatives and friends assembled at the church. Captain Plowden was attended by Captain Lean, of the same regiment, as best man. The bridesmaids—the Misses Haydee, Inga, and Gladys Becker (sisters of the bride), Miss Milly Plowden (niece), the Misses Eva, Maude, and Phyllis Foster (cousins of the bridegroom), and Miss Ethel Moor—were attired alike in cream camel's-hair cloth, trimmed with otter fur, with caps and muffs to match. Each wore a pearl initial brooch, the gift of the bridegroom. The bride entered the church at 2.30 p.m., leaning on the arm of her father and wearing a dress of Brussels lace and moire train and corsage. The Rev. T. C. Keighley, vicar of the church, officiated, assisted by the Rev. W. Harry Booker, cousin of the bride. Mr. Becker gave his daughter away. The bridal party afterwards assembled at Dunraven, where Mrs. Becker held a reception. At 4-30 p.m., the newly married couple started on their way to Paris and Italy for their wedding tour. The bride's travelling costume was a brown tweed, with sealskin jacket and hat and muff to match. On stepping into the carriage she was presented by one of the guests with a dainty satin shoe filled with flowers, the new charming

IT tobacco growing in England should fail to attain the importance which some competent authorities expect, it will not be for want of judicious encouragement. Much interest is felt in the approaching competition for the prize offered by the London Chamber of Commerce—the 1st of March next being the last day for sending in the samples, and very minute and special particulars and directions having been published for the guidance of competitors. It is satisfactory to learn that the East and West India Dock Company have placed at the disposal of the Tobacco Growers Committee free storage where the crops can be cared for in London, and where any manipulation desired by the owners can be carried out, if special treatment is deemed necessary, of course at the expense of any owner. So much fostering as this may fairly be permitted to a branch of agriculture which may become of great advantage to our farmers, but which is still in its infancy. This facility of storage is regarded by experts as so important that growers intending growers are recommended to put themselves in once in communication with the Committee, or to attend the Conference on the 18th inst. To this important gathering many influential persons have been invited, with a view to constitute an Association of Tobacco Growers in England, Scotland, and Ireland, of which the object will be to resuscitate and promote the cultivation and manufacture of tobacco as an English industry.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth, go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1*s.* 1½*d.* per bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

ORDERS BY H. E. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant-General's Office, Simla, 25th Jan. 1888.

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointment :—

3rd Punjab Cavy.—Lieut-Col T Shepherd, Squad Comdr, 1st Punjab Cavy, to be offg 2nd-in-Comd, with effect from date of joining, *vice* Macpherson, offg as Comdt, 4th Beng Cavy.

The Horse Guards having notified that Col F Pocklington, Comdg the 2nd Batn Northumberland Fusiliers, will be placed on half-pay on the 22nd February 1888, on completing six years' service as a Regimental Lieut-Col, he is permitted to proceed to England on or after that date.

Major G P Owen, RA, is directed to proceed from Delhi to Sunderland, and join the Depot Northern Divn to which he has been transferred.

Capt A Tracey, R A, is directed to proceed from Delhi to Camp Kushori for duty with O Battery 3rd Brigade.

On arrival in India, the undermentioned officers of Royal Engrs are attached to the Mil Works Dept, and posted as follows :—

Lieut W V Scudamore to the Presidency and Oudh Command.

Lieut A J H Swiney, to the Sirhind Lahore Command.

Lieut G S Cartwright to Aden.

On transfer from the Madras to the Bengal establishment, Lieut G M Duff, Royal Engineers, is attached to the Mil W Dept and posted to the Allahabad Divn, Mil Works.

The undermentioned officer, specially examined, passed the Lower Standard in Pushtu on the 14th December 1887 :—

Lieut R G B. Vismes de Ponthieu, Bo S C.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to England, with the necessary subsidiary leave :—

3rd Dragoon Guards—Capt C H Farquharson, for twelve months, on private affairs.

Royal West Surrey Regt—Major H W Trench, for twelve months, on private affairs.

1st Batn Connaught Rangers—Lieut-Col P D Jeffreys, for twelve months, on private affairs.

Lieut C Delme-Radcliffe, for twelve months, on medical certificate.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

1st Batn King's Own Scottish Borderers,—Capt L Gordon, in India, on private affairs, from the 1st Oct to the 20th Nov 1887.

West Yorkshire Regiment—Lieut N C Taylor (offg Squad Officer on probation 14th Bengal Lancers), to Rawal Pindi, for six months, from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages.

Derbyshire Regiment—Lieut P F A Spence (officiating Wing Officer on probation 8th Bengal Infantry), to Calcutta, for six months, from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages.

Devonshire Regt—Lieut G M Evans (Wing Officer on probation 8th Bengal Infy), to remain in Calcutta, from the 7th to the 10th Feb 1888, to study the native languages, in extension of the leave granted him in G O C C, dated 25 July 1887, page 388.

Infantry.—Lieut W F Bartleman, in India, for one year, on private affairs, under the Leave Rules for the Staff Corps.

16th Bengal Infy—Lieut C E Ross, to Bombay, for six months, from date of availing himself of it, to study the native languages, under Rule X of the Furlough Regulations of 1875.

1st Punjab Infy—Lieut E L Hight, to Karachi, on medical certificate, from the 17th Dec 1887 to the 16th March 1888, under Rule X of the Furlough Regulations of 1875.

32nd Pioneers—Lieut H R Brander, in India, on private affairs, from the 3rd November to the 23rd Dec 1887, under the Leave Rules for the S C.

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WITH

KNAP'S PATENT INDESTRUCTIBLE METALLIC JOINTS.

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DRY STEAM produced very quickly.

HIGH PRESSURES up to 300 lbs. per square inch safely obtained.

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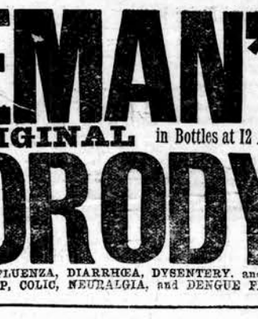

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Hay's Soluble Essences are Guaranteed to be the Finest in the Market.

HONOURABLE MENTION: International Food Exhibition, London, October, 1880.

GOLD MEDAL: Society of Arts, Paris, 1883.

The difference between preparations made from Hay's Essences and those made from the numerous spurious imitations of them bearing the name of Soluble Essences, is most marked, and no Manufacturer using the latter can compete with one using Hay's Preparations, as is universally known.

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A Pure Essence of the Finest Ginger, perfectly free from Capsicum. Highly adapted for the manufacture of Transparent Aerated Waters, and for all Dietetic, Medicinal and Pharmaceutical purposes. Trade Price, 5s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 4s. 6d. per lb.

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Specially prepared for the manufacture of the very Finest Ginger Ale made, is an addition of Vanilla, Lemon, and other flavours to the above. It imparts, with the exquisite Ginger Aroma of the above-mentioned Essence, a peculiarly fine fruity flavour, combined with the fullest amount of fragrance and pungency. Trade Price, 5s. 6d. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 5s. Quantity required, 5 fluid ozs. to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles.

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This Essence, which is a complete Bouquet of Flavours in a highly concentrated state, makes a Ginger Ale possessing an amount of aroma, flavour, and quality that will be sure to command a large sale, and that is unsurpassed by the so-called finest Belfast Ginger Ale. Trade Price, 9s. per lb.; 12 lbs. and upwards, 8s. 6d. Quantity required half a fluid ounce to each gallon of Syrup, making 106 10-oz. Bottles. This Essence will be found most valuable to the general trade.

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FOR IT NEVER "REPEATS"

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"The oil is much above the average, but little taste or smell, while rich in Iodine. It keeps better than the generality, is readily assimilable, and can be taken by persons of delicate gastric organisation without fear of 'returning.'"

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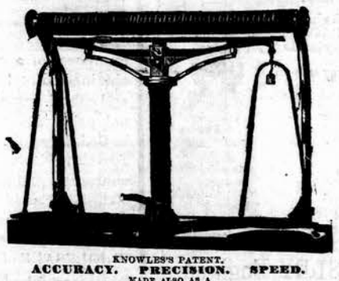

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MADE BY THIS SYSTEM, AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT NEARLY SIX TIMES AS MUCH HEAT AS ETHER UNDER SIMILAR CONDITIONS.

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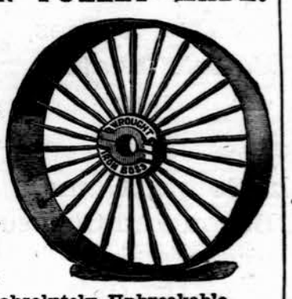

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Are of two kinds: firstly, those which are only skin deep which are not now to be considered; secondly, those which are caused by a bad state of the blood, and which attack various parts of the body in different ways. Skin diseases shows itself in the HEAD, sometimes in the form of Dandruff which no amount of brushing and combing will get rid of, and sometimes in the form of Scaly Eruptions. In the NECK, by an enlargement of the glands (commonly called Glandular Swellings), which if unchecked become very unsightly wounds. In the ARMPITS, and the inside of the ELBOWS by an inflamed Roughness of the Skin, which is very painful when washed. In the HANDS, by deep Cracks or Fissures which, if healed for a few days, speedily open again, or by horny looking patches. In the LEGS, by Hard, Shiny and Inflamed Swellings, or by wounds more or less deep. And on the BODY, in Red Scaly Patches, which as often as rubbed off, form again or in the discharge of a thin, watery fluid of a very disagreeable nature. In all these cases the treatment must be twofold. An Ointment is required to relieve Itching, and Medicine must be taken to change the state of the Blood, and render it pure.

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Best Manilla, Bindigul, Trichinopoly, Cocoanada, and Burma Cigars and Cheroots always in stock.

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